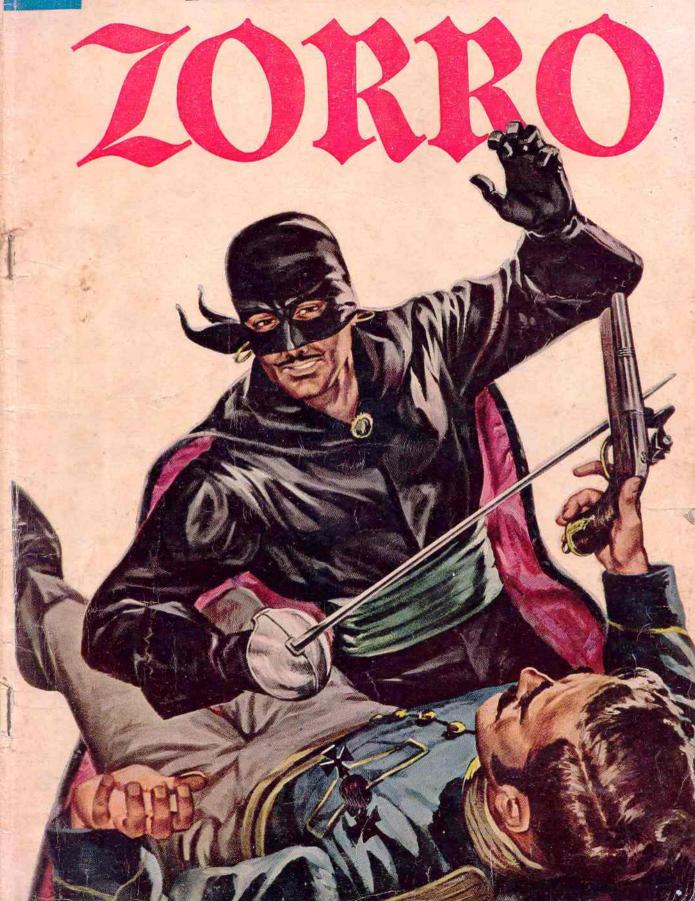
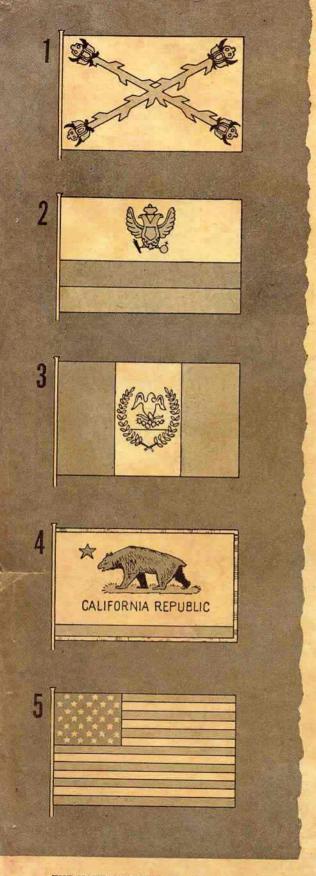


NO. 574

THE HAND OF

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FLAGS OF CALIFORNIA

California was explored and colonized by Franciscan monks and Spanish soldiers. Each military expedition flew a different flag—usually the personal banner of the nobleman commanding the expedition.

1 But later on, the Spanish Army adopted this colorful banner. It flew over Spanish troops during the many revolts and the Revolutionary War that led to Mexican Independence.

While the Spaniards were busy in California, the Russians attempted to colonize Alaska. The Russian-American Trading Company was formed and soon it was sending expeditions further and further south until they reached California. A Russian trading post was established at Fort Ross just north of San Francisco. It flew this flag showing the double eagle of the royal family of Russia.

In 1822, the Mexicans were finally successful in their revolt against Spain. California became part of the Mexican Republic. This flag was raised above every fort and town hall. The golden eagle of Mexico is eating a snake which symbolizes evil.

4 On June 14, 1846, the American settlers in California revolted against the Mexican Government. The revolt was quickly crushed by the Mexican Army. The flag of the short-lived republic is now the California state flag. It shows a grizzly bear—symbol of strength and independence.

Then came the war between Mexico and the United States. It ended with the treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo. California became American territory and was admitted to the Union in 1850. It was the 31st state to enter and the American flag that Californians took special pride in hoisting was the flag of July 4th, 1851—it carried California's star—the 31st.





















































