Romans Translation

• Author [1:1]

Paul, a bond-servant of Christ Jesus, called as an apostle, set apart for the gospel of God,

• The Gospel Concerning the Son [1:2-6]

which He promised beforehand through His prophets in the holy Scriptures, concerning His Son, who became a descendant of David according to the flesh, who was <u>powerfully</u> declared the Son of God <u>as a result of</u> the resurrection from the dead, according to the Spirit of holiness, Jesus Christ our Lord, through whom we have received grace and apostleship to bring about the obedience of faith among all the <u>people</u> for His name's sake, among whom you also are the called of Jesus Christ;

• Audience [1:7]

to all who are beloved of God in Rome, called *as* saints: Grace to you and peace from God our Father and the Lord Jesus Christ.

• In Thanksgiving [1:8]

<u>To begin with</u>, I give thanks to my God through Jesus Christ for you all, because your faith is being proclaimed throughout the whole world.

• In Prayer [1:9-10]

For God, whom I serve in my spirit in the *preaching of the* gospel of His Son, is my witness *as to* how unceasingly I make mention of you, always in my prayers <u>pleading *with God*</u>, if perhaps now, by the will of God, I <u>will finally</u> succeed in coming to you.

• Longing for Encouragement [1:11-12]

For I <u>yearn</u> to <u>visit</u> you so that I may <u>share a certain</u> spiritual gift <u>with</u> you, <u>to</u> <u>the end</u> that you may be established; that is, that I may be encouraged together with you *while* among you, <u>through</u> each other's faith, both yours and mine.

• Obstacles and Obligations [1:13-14]

I do not want you to be unaware, brethren, that often I have <u>intended</u> to come to you, (<u>but</u> have been <u>hindered until now</u>) so that I may obtain some fruit among you also, even as among the rest of the <u>people</u>. I am under obligation both to Greeks and to barbarians, both to the wise and to the foolish.

• Eager to Preach the Gospel [1:15]

So, <u>as far as it depends on me</u>, I am eager to preach the gospel to you also who are in Rome.

• The Power of God for Salvation [1:16]

For I am not ashamed of the gospel, for it is the power of God <u>to *bring about*</u> salvation <u>for</u> everyone who believes, to the Jew first and also to the <u>Gentile</u>.

• Faith and the Righteousness of God [1:17]

For in *the gospel the* righteousness of God is revealed from faith to faith; as it is written, "BUT THE RIGHTEOUS *man* SHALL LIVE BY FAITH."

• Immoral Depravity [1:18-32]

1:18-20

For the wrath of God is revealed from heaven against all ungodliness and unrighteousness of men who suppress the truth <u>by means of *their*</u> unrighteousness, because <u>what can be</u> known about God is evident <u>among</u> them; for God made it evident to them. For since the creation of the world His invisible attributes, His eternal power and divine nature, have been clearly seen, being understood through what has been made, so that they are without excuse.

1:21-23

For even though they knew God, they did not honor Him as God or give thanks *to Him*, but they were given over to futility in their thinking, and their foolish hearts were darkened. Arrogantly claiming to be wise, they were made to be fools, and exchanged the glory of the incorruptible God for an image in the likeness of corruptible man and of birds and four-footed animals and crawling creatures.

1:24-25

Therefore God gave them over in the lusts of their hearts to <u>sexual</u> impurity, so that their bodies would be <u>degraded</u> among them. For they exchanged the truth of God for <u>the</u> lie, and worshiped and served the creature rather than the Creator, who is <u>praised throughout the ages</u>. Amen.

1:26-27

For this reason God gave them over to degrading <u>sinful</u> passions; for their women exchanged the natural <u>sexual</u> function for that which is <u>opposed to</u> <u>nature</u>, and in the same way also the men <u>gave up on</u> the natural <u>sexual</u> function of the woman and <u>were intensely aroused</u> in their <u>lust</u> toward one another, men with men committing <u>disgraceful</u> acts and receiving <u>within themselves</u> the <u>recompense</u> due <u>because</u> of their <u>perversion</u>.

1:28-32

And just as they did not <u>think it worthwhile</u> to acknowledge God any longer, God gave them over to a <u>degenerate</u> mind, to do those things which are not proper, being filled with all unrighteousness, wickedness, greed, <u>decadence</u>; full of envy, murder, strife, deceit, malice; *they are* <u>incessant</u> gossips, slanderers, haters of God, <u>violent aggressors</u>, arrogant, boastful, inventors of evil, disobedient to parents, <u>foolishly ignorant</u>, untrustworthy, <u>hardhearted</u>, unmerciful; and <u>having known full well</u> the <u>requirement</u> of God, that those who <u>take part in</u> such things are <u>deserving</u> of <u>eternal</u> death, they not only do the same, but also join in approval <u>with</u> those who <u>take part in</u> them.

• Moral Depravity [2:1-16]

<u>2:1-3</u>

Therefore you <u>are without</u> excuse, everyone of you who passes judgment, for in that which you judge another, you condemn yourself; for you who judge <u>take</u> <u>part in</u> the <u>exact</u> same things. And we know that the judgment of God <u>against</u> those who <u>take part in</u> such things <u>is based upon *absolute* truth</u>. But <u>are you of</u> <u>the opinion</u>, O man, when you pass judgment on those who <u>take part in</u> such things and do the <u>exact</u> same <u>things</u> *yourself*, that you will escape the judgment of God?

<u>2:4-8</u>

Or do you <u>consider</u> the riches of His kindness and tolerance and patience <u>to be</u> <u>worthless</u>, <u>unaware</u> that the kindness of God leads you to repentance? But because of your stubbornness and unrepentant heart you are storing up wrath for yourself in the Day of Wrath <u>when</u> the righteous judgment of God <u>is</u> <u>revealed</u>, who WILL RENDER TO EACH PERSON ACCORDING TO HIS DEEDS: eternal life to those who in <u>the continuance of a good work are looking</u> for glory and honor and immortality; but wrath and indignation to those who are <u>consumed by selfish interests</u> and <u>disobey</u> the truth, but <u>follow after</u> unrighteousness.

<u>2:9-11</u>

There will be <u>affliction</u> and distress for <u>the</u> soul of every man who does evil, of the Jew first and also of the <u>Gentile</u>, but glory and honor and peace to everyone who does good, to the Jew first and also to the <u>Gentile</u>. For there is no partiality with God.

2:12-16

For all who have sinned without the Law will also perish without the Law, and all who have sinned under the Law will be judged by the Law; for *it is* not the hearers of the Law *who* are <u>righteous in the sight of</u> God, but <u>instead</u> the doers of the Law will be justified. For when Gentiles who do not have the Law do <u>intuitively</u> the things <u>required by</u> the Law, these <u>people</u>, not having the Law, are a law to themselves, in that they <u>demonstrate</u> the work <u>required by</u> the Law written <u>within</u> their hearts, their conscience <u>testifying together with</u> their thoughts <u>one or the other</u> accusing or else defending them, on the day when, according to my gospel, God will judge the <u>hidden things</u> of men through Christ Jesus.

• Religious Depravity [2:17-3:20]

<u>2:17-24</u>

But if you bear the name "Jew" and <u>find security in</u> the Law and boast in God, and know *His* will and approve the things that are <u>of value</u>, being instructed out of the Law, and are <u>certain</u> that you are a guide to the blind, a light to those who are in darkness, a corrector of the foolish, a teacher of the immature having in the Law the <u>full articulation</u> of knowledge and of the truth, you, therefore, who teach another, do you not teach yourself? You who preach that one shall not steal, do you steal? You who say that one should not commit adultery, do you commit adultery? You who abhor idols, do you rob temples? You who boast in the Law, you dishonor God through your <u>transgressing of</u> the Law. For "THE NAME OF GOD IS BLASPHEMED AMONG THE GENTILES BECAUSE OF YOU," just as it is written.

2:25-29

For indeed circumcision <u>has a benefit</u> if you <u>do the things required by</u> the Law; but if you are a transgressor of the Law, your circumcision has <u>effectively</u> become uncircumcision. So if the uncircumcised man <u>obeys</u> the <u>righteous</u> requirements of the Law, will not his uncircumcision be <u>thought of</u> as circumcision? And he who is physically uncircumcised and <u>fulfills *the* <u>requirements of</u> the Law, will he not judge you who, <u>despite</u> having the <u>written</u> <u>code</u> of the Law and circumcision, are a transgressor of the Law? For he is not a <u>genuine</u> Jew who is one outwardly, nor is circumcision that which is outward in the flesh. But <u>instead</u> he is a <u>genuine</u> Jew who is one inwardly; and circumcision is that which is of the heart, by the Spirit, not by the <u>written code</u>; and his <u>approval does</u> not <u>come</u> from men, but <u>rather</u> from God.</u>

<u>3:1-4</u>

Then what <u>is the superiority of</u> the Jew? Or what is the benefit of <u>physical</u> circumcision? <u>Significant</u> in every respect. First of all, that they were entrusted with the oracles of God. What then? <u>Although</u> some did not believe, their unbelief will not nullify the faithfulness of God, will it? <u>Absolutely not</u>! Rather, let God be <u>shown to be</u> true <u>and</u> every man <u>be</u> <u>shown to be</u> a liar, as it is written, "THAT YOU MAY BE JUSTIFIED IN YOUR WORDS, AND PREVAIL WHEN YOU ARE JUDGED."

<u>3:5-8</u>

But <u>since</u> our unrighteousness demonstrates the righteousness of God, what shall we say? God who <u>imposes</u> wrath is not unrighteous, is He? (I <u>say *this* according to human <u>viewpoint</u>.) Absolutely not! For otherwise, how will God judge the world <u>with fairness</u>? But <u>since</u> through my lie the truth of God <u>is</u> <u>shown to abound</u> to His glory, why am I also still being judged as a sinner? And why not *say* (as we are <u>maligned</u> and as some <u>falsely</u> assert that we say), "Let us do evil <u>in order</u> that good may <u>result</u>"? Their condemnation is <u>deserved</u>.</u>

<u>3:9-18</u>

What then? Are we better than they? <u>By no means</u>; for we have already charged that both Jews and <u>Gentiles</u> are all under sin; as it is written, "THERE IS NONE RIGHTEOUS, NOT EVEN ONE; THERE IS NONE WHO UNDERSTANDS, THERE IS NONE WHO SEEKS FOR GOD; ALL HAVE TURNED ASIDE, TOGETHER THEY HAVE BECOME <u>WORTHLESS</u>; THERE IS NONE WHO DOES GOOD <u>TO OTHERS</u>, THERE IS NOT EVEN ONE." "THEIR THROAT IS AN OPEN GRAVE, WITH THEIR TONGUES THEY <u>DEAL TREACHEROUSLY</u>," "THE POISON OF ASPS IS UNDER THEIR LIPS"; "WHOSE MOUTH IS FULL OF CURSING AND BITTERNESS"; "THEIR FEET ARE SWIFT TO SHED BLOOD, DESTRUCTION AND MISERY ARE IN THEIR PATHS, AND THE PATH OF PEACE THEY HAVE NOT KNOWN." "THERE IS NO FEAR OF GOD BEFORE THEIR EYES."

3:19-20

Now we know that <u>everything</u> the Law says, it speaks to those who are <u>subject</u> <u>to</u> the Law, so that every mouth may be <u>silenced</u> and all the world may become accountable to God; because no flesh will be justified in His sight <u>as a result of</u> the works of the Law; for through the Law *comes* the <u>full</u> knowledge of sin.

• The Righteousness of God Through Faith [3:21-26]

<u>3:21-24</u>

But now <u>independent of</u> the Law *the* righteousness of God has been manifested, <u>*this*</u> being <u>attested to</u> by the Law and the Prophets, even *the* righteousness of God through faith in Jesus Christ <u>to</u> all those who believe; for there is no distinction; for all have sinned and fall short of the glory of God, being justified as a gift by <u>means of</u> His grace through the redemption which is in Christ Jesus;

3:25-26

whom God <u>made available to everyone</u> as a propitiation <u>by</u> His <u>death</u> through <u>*His*</u> faith. *This was* to <u>result in the demonstration of</u> His righteousness, because in the forbearance of God He passed over the sins previously committed; <u>looking toward</u> the demonstration of His righteousness <u>in</u> the present <u>age</u>, <u>to the</u> <u>end</u> that He would be just and the justifier of the one who has faith in Jesus.

• Faith Apart from Works [3:27-31]

Where then is <u>bragging</u>? <u>There is no place for that</u>. <u>Through</u> what kind of law? Of works? No, but <u>through</u> a law of faith. For we maintain that a man is justified by <u>means of</u> faith <u>independent of the</u> works of the Law. Or is God the God of Jews only? Is He not the God of Gentiles also? Yes, of Gentiles also, since indeed God who will justify the Jews as a result of faith and the <u>Gentiles</u> through faith is one. Do we then nullify the Law through faith? <u>Absolutely not</u>! On the contrary, we <u>reinforce the validity of</u> the Law.

• Faith Credited as Righteousness [4:1-5]

What then shall we say that Abraham, our <u>physical ancestor</u>, has <u>discovered</u>? For if <u>we assume that</u> Abraham was justified <u>as a result of</u> works, he has <u>a</u> reason for bragging, but <u>he cannot brag to</u> God. For what does the Scripture say? "ABRAHAM BELIEVED GOD, AND IT WAS CREDITED TO HIM AS RIGHTEOUSNESS." Now to the one who works, his <u>compensation</u> is not credited as a favor, but as what is due. But to the one who does not work, but believes in Him who justifies the ungodly, his faith is credited as righteousness,

• David's Assertion [4:6-8]

just as David also speaks of the <u>proclamation of</u> blessing on the man to whom God credits righteousness <u>independent of</u> works: "BLESSED ARE THOSE WHOSE <u>TRANGRESSIONS</u> HAVE BEEN FORGIVEN, AND WHOSE SINS HAVE BEEN COVERED." "BLESSED IS THE MAN WHOSE SIN THE LORD WILL <u>ABSOLUTELY</u> NOT TAKE INTO ACCOUNT."

• Faith, not Circumcision [4:9-12]

Is this <u>proclamation of</u> blessing then on the circumcised, or on the uncircumcised also? For we say: <u>Faith was credited to Abraham as</u> <u>righteousness</u>. How then was it credited? While he was circumcised, or uncircumcised? Not while circumcised, but while uncircumcised; and he received the sign of circumcision, <u>an attestation</u> of the righteousness <u>credited on</u> <u>the basis</u> of the faith which he had while uncircumcised, to the end that he might be the father of all who believe without being circumcised, <u>to the end</u> that righteousness might be credited to them <u>also</u>, and the father of <u>the circumcised</u> to those who not only are of the circumcision, but who also follow in the <u>footsteps</u> of the faith of our father Abraham which he had while uncircumcised.

• Faith in God's Promise [4:13-22]

4:13-16

For the promise to Abraham or to his descendants that he would be heir of the world was not *fulfilled* through the Law, but, on the contrary, *it is fulfilled* through the righteousness *credited on the basis* of faith. For if *we assume that* those who are of the Law are heirs, faith <u>has been</u> made <u>worthless</u> and the promise <u>has been</u> nullified; for the Law brings about wrath, but where there is no law, there also is no violation. For this reason *it is fulfilled* as a result of faith, in order that *it may be fulfilled* in accordance with grace, to the end that the promise will be guaranteed to all the descendants, not <u>limited</u> to those who are of the Law, but, on the contrary, *the promise is* indeed *guaranteed* to those who have the faith of Abraham, who is the father of all <u>of</u> us *who believe*,

4:17-22

(as it is written, "A FATHER OF MANY NATIONS HAVE I MADE YOU"),

<u>He is our father</u> in the <u>sight</u> of Him whom he believed: God, who gives life to the dead and calls into <u>existence things</u> which <u>do</u> not exist. Against <u>all</u> hope, in hope he believed, <u>to the end</u> that he might become a father of many nations according to that which had been spoken, "SO SHALL YOUR DESCENDANTS BE." Without <u>lacking</u> in faith he contemplated his own body, <u>by this time</u> as good as dead <u>given that</u> he was <u>roughly</u> a hundred years old, and the deadness of Sarah's womb; yet, with respect to the promise of God, he did not <u>doubt</u> in unbelief but <u>became</u> strong in faith, giving glory to God, and being fully <u>confident</u> that what God had promised, He was able also to <u>accomplish</u>. For this reason IT WAS CREDITED TO HIM AS RIGHTEOUSNESS.

• Faith Credited Today [4:23-25]

Now not for his <u>benefit</u> only was it written <u>IT WAS CREDITED TO HIM</u>, but, <u>on the contrary</u>, for our <u>benefit</u> also, to whom it will <u>certainly</u> be credited, as those who believe <u>upon</u> Him who raised Jesus our Lord from the dead, <u>Jesus</u>, who was delivered over because our transgressions <u>were counted against us</u>, and was raised because our justification <u>had been accomplished</u>.

• Justification Results in Hope [5:1-5]

Therefore, having been justified <u>as a result of</u> faith, we have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ, through whom we have also obtained <u>access to</u> this grace in which we stand; and we <u>rejoice</u> in hope of the glory of God. And not only this, but we also <u>rejoice</u> in our tribulations, knowing <u>well</u> that tribulation brings about perseverance; and perseverance, proven character; and proven character, hope; and hope does not disappoint, because <u>God's</u> love has been poured out <u>generously</u> within our hearts through the Holy Spirit who was given to us.

• Christ Died for the Ungodly [5:6-8]

For while <u>in the position of being powerless</u>, at the <u>perfect</u> time Christ died <u>in</u> <u>place of</u> the ungodly. For one will hardly <u>ever</u> die for a righteous man; though perhaps <u>in place of</u> the good man someone would dare even to die. But God demonstrates His own love toward us, in that while <u>in the position of being</u> sinners, Christ died <u>in our place</u>.

• Justified and Reconciled [5:9-11]

Much more then, having now been justified by <u>means of</u> His blood, we shall be saved from the wrath *of God* through Him. For <u>since</u> while we were enemies we were reconciled to God through the death of His Son, much more, having been reconciled, we shall be saved by <u>means of</u> His life. And not only this, but we also <u>rejoice</u> in God through our Lord Jesus Christ, through whom we have now received the reconciliation.

• In Adam vs. In Christ [5:12-19]

<u>5:12-14</u>

Therefore, just as through one man sin entered into the world, and death through sin, and <u>in this manner</u> death <u>encompassed</u> all <u>of mankind</u>, because all sinned — for <u>before</u> the Law <u>came</u> sin was in the world, but <u>personal</u> sin is not <u>taken into account</u> when there is no law. Nevertheless death reigned from <u>the</u> <u>time when</u> Adam <u>fell</u> until Moses <u>delivered the Law to Israel</u>, even over those who had not sinned in the <u>same way</u> Adam <u>transgressed</u>, who is a type of Him who was to come.

<u>5:15-17</u>

But the free gift is not like the transgression. For <u>since</u> by <u>means of</u> the transgression of the one <u>man</u> many <u>people</u> died, much more did the grace of God and the <u>free</u> gift by <u>means of</u> the grace of the one Man, Jesus Christ, <u>overflow</u> to many <u>people</u>. The <u>free</u> gift is not like <u>what</u> came through the one who sinned; for on the one hand judgment arose from one transgression resulting in condemnation, but on the other hand the free gift arose from many transgressions resulting in justification. For <u>since</u> by <u>means of</u> the transgression of the one <u>man</u>, death reigned through the one <u>man</u>, much more those who receive the abundance of grace and of the <u>free</u> gift of righteousness will reign in life through the One <u>Man</u>, Jesus Christ.

<u>5:18-19</u>

So then as through one transgression there resulted condemnation to all <u>people</u>, even so through one act of righteousness there resulted justification of life to all <u>people</u>. For as through the one man's disobedience many <u>people</u> were <u>rendered</u> sinners, even so through the obedience of the One many <u>people</u> will be <u>rendered</u> righteous.

• Grace Overcomes Sin [5:20-21]

The Law came in so that the transgression would increase; but where sin increased, grace abounded all the more, so that, as sin reigned in death, even so grace would reign through righteousness to eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord.

• Dead to Sin, Alive to God [6:1-11]

<u>6:1-4</u>

What shall we say then? Are we to continue in sin so that grace may increase? <u>Absolutely not! In what way should</u> we who died to sin still live in it? Or do you not know that all of us who have been baptized into Christ Jesus have been baptized into His death? <u>Accordingly</u>, we have been buried <u>together</u> with Him through baptism into <u>His</u> death, so that, as Christ was raised from the dead through the glory of the Father, so we too <u>would have the potential to</u> walk in newness of life.

<u>6:5-7</u>

For <u>since</u> we have become <u>identified</u> with the likeness of His death, certainly we shall also be <u>identified with</u> the likeness of His resurrection, knowing this, that our old self was crucified <u>together</u> with *Him*, in order that our body of sin might be <u>rendered powerless</u>, so that we would no longer be slaves to sin; <u>given</u> that he who has died <u>has been set free</u> from sin.

<u>6:8-11</u>

Now <u>since</u> we have died with Christ, we believe that we shall also live with Him, knowing that Christ, having been raised from the dead, is never to die again; death no longer <u>has mastery</u> over Him. For the death that He died, He died <u>for</u> sin once for all <u>time</u>; but the life that He lives, He lives <u>for</u> God. <u>And</u>, <u>as follows</u>, consider yourselves to be dead to sin, but alive to God in Christ Jesus.

• Present Yourselves to God [6:12-13]

Therefore do not let sin reign in your mortal body <u>to the end</u> that you obey its lusts, and do not go on presenting the members of your body to sin as <u>weapons</u>

of unrighteousness; but present yourselves to God as those <u>who are</u> alive from the dead, and <u>the</u> members <u>of your body</u> to God as <u>weapons</u> of righteousness.

• Under Grace, Not Law [6:14-15] For sin shall not <u>have mastery</u> over you, for you are not under <u>Law</u> but under grace. What then? <u>Should</u> we sin because we are not under <u>Law</u> but under grace? <u>Absolutely not</u>!

• Become Slaves of Righteousness [6:16-20]

Do you not know that when you present yourselves to <u>something</u> as slaves for obedience, you are slaves of the <u>thing which</u> you obey, either <u>slaves</u> of sin resulting in death, or <u>slaves</u> of obedience <u>to God</u> resulting in righteousness? But thanks be to God that though you were slaves of sin, you became obedient from the heart to that form of <u>sound</u> teaching to which you were <u>entrusted</u>, and having been <u>set free</u> from sin, you became <u>enslaved to</u> righteousness. I am speaking in human terms because of the weakness of your flesh. For just as you presented <u>the</u> members <u>of your body</u> as slaves to <u>immorality</u> and to lawlessness, <u>leading to more</u> lawlessness, so now present <u>the</u> members <u>of your body</u> as slaves to righteousness, <u>leading to</u> sanctification. For when you were slaves of sin, you were <u>not bound by</u> righteousness.

• Death Versus Eternal Life [6:21-23]

Therefore what <u>fruit</u> were you then <u>producing</u> from the things of which you are now ashamed? For the <u>end result</u> of those things is death. But now having been <u>set free</u> from sin and enslaved to God, you <u>produce</u> your <u>fruit</u>, <u>leading to</u> sanctification, and the <u>end result</u>, eternal life. For the <u>recompense</u> of sin is death, but the free gift of God is eternal life in Christ Jesus our Lord.

• Not Bound to the Law [7:1-6]

Or do you not know, brethren (for I am speaking to those who know the <u>Law</u>), that the <u>Law</u> has jurisdiction over a person as long as he lives? For the married woman is bound by <u>Law</u> to her husband <u>who</u> is living; but if her husband dies, she is released from the <u>Law regarding</u> the husband. <u>As a result</u> then, if while her husband is <u>alive</u> she is joined to another man, she <u>would</u> be <u>identified as</u> an adulteress; but if her husband dies, she is <u>set</u> free from the <u>Law</u>, so that she is

not an adulteress though she is joined to another man. <u>So then</u>, my brethren, you also were made to die to the Law through the body of Christ, <u>to the end</u> that you <u>would</u> be joined to another, to Him who was raised from the dead, in order that we might bear fruit for God. For while we were in the flesh, the sinful passions, which were *aroused* by the Law, were <u>working</u> in the members of our body to bear fruit for death. But now we have been released from the Law, having died to that by which we were <u>confined</u>, so that we serve <u>the Lord</u> in newness of the Spirit and not in <u>obsolescence</u> of the letter.

• The Law and Sin [7:7-13]

What shall we say then? Is the Law sin? <u>Absolutely not</u>! On the contrary, I would not have come to know sin except through the Law; for I would not have known about coveting if the Law had not said, "YOU SHALL NOT COVET." But sin, taking opportunity through the commandment, produced in me <u>all sorts</u> of coveting; for apart from the Law sin <u>has less power</u>. I was once living *carefree* apart from the Law; but <u>after</u> the commandment came <u>to my attention</u>, sin became <u>empowered</u> and I <u>no longer lived *carefree*</u>; and this commandment, which was <u>given</u> to <u>teach about</u> life, proved to <u>teach about</u> death for me; for sin, taking an opportunity through the commandment, deceived me and through it <u>effected my death</u>. So then, the Law is holy, and the commandment is holy and just and good. Therefore did that which is good <u>lead to</u> death for me? <u>Absolutely not! On the contrary</u> it was sin, in order that it might be <u>revealed as</u> sin by effecting my death through that which is good, so that through the commandment sin would become utterly sinful <u>to me</u>.

• Conflict of the Two Natures [7:14-25]

For we know that the Law is spiritual, but I <u>myself</u> am of flesh, sold into bondage to sin. For what I am <u>accomplishing</u>, I do not <u>comprehend</u>; for I am not practicing what I like, but I am doing <u>what</u> I hate. But <u>since</u> I do <u>what</u> I do not <u>like</u>, I agree with the Law, <u>attesting</u> that the Law is good. So now, I am <u>not</u> the one <u>accomplishing</u> it, but sin which dwells in me. For I know <u>very well</u> that <u>something not</u> good dwells in me, that is, in my flesh; for the <u>desire</u> is present in me, but the <u>accomplishing</u> of the good is not. For the good that I <u>like</u>, I do not do, but I practice the evil that I do not <u>like</u>. But <u>since</u> I <u>myself</u> am doing the thing I do not <u>like</u>, I am <u>not</u> the one <u>accomplishing</u> it, but sin which dwells in me. I <u>discover</u> then the <u>law</u> that evil is present in me, the one who <u>desires</u> to do good. For I <u>delight in</u> the law of God in <u>my</u> inner <u>self</u>, but I <u>observe</u> a different law in the members of my body, waging war against the law of my mind and making me a <u>captive within</u> the law of sin which is in <u>the</u> members <u>of my body</u>. Wretched man that I am! Who will set me free from <u>this</u> body of death? Thanks be to God through Jesus Christ our Lord! So then, on the one hand I myself with my mind am serving the law of God, but on the other <u>hand</u>, my flesh <u>is</u> <u>serving</u> the law of sin.

• The Law Fulfilled in Us [8:1-4]

<u>In no way</u>, <u>then</u>, is there condemnation now for those who are in Christ Jesus. For the law of the Spirit of life in Christ Jesus has set you free from the law of sin and of death. For what the Law <u>was powerless to</u> do, weak as it was through the flesh, God *did*: sending His own Son in the likeness of sinful flesh and *as an offering* for sin, He condemned sin in the flesh, so that the requirement of the Law might be fulfilled in us, who do not walk <u>in accordance with</u> the flesh but <u>in accordance with</u> the Spirit.

• The Mind Set on the Spirit [8:5-8]

For those who are <u>living in accordance with</u> the flesh <u>are focusing</u> on the things of the flesh, but those who are <u>living in accordance with</u> the Spirit, <u>are focusing</u> <u>on</u> the things of the Spirit. For the mind <u>focusing</u> on the flesh is death, but the mind <u>focusing</u> on the Spirit is life and peace, because the mind <u>focusing</u> on the flesh is hostile toward God; for it does not subject itself to the law of God, for it is not even able *to do so*, and those who are in the flesh cannot please God.

• Living by the Indwelling Spirit [8:9-14]

However, you are not in the flesh but in the Spirit, <u>since</u> indeed the Spirit of God dwells in you. But if anyone does not have the Spirit of Christ, he does not belong to Him. <u>Since</u> Christ is in you, though <u>on the one hand</u> the body is dead because of sin, <u>on the other hand</u> the spirit is alive because of righteousness. But <u>since</u> the Spirit of Him who raised Jesus from the dead dwells in you, He who raised Christ Jesus from the dead will also give life to your mortal bodies through His Spirit who dwells in you. So then, brethren, we are under obligation, not to the flesh, to live <u>in accordance with</u> the flesh — for if you are living <u>in accordance with</u> the flesh, you <u>will subsequently</u> die; but if by <u>means</u>

of the Spirit you are <u>causing</u> the deeds of the body <u>to cease</u>, you will live. For all who are being led by the Spirit of God, these are sons of God.

• Living as Children of God [8:15-17]

For you have not received a spirit of slavery leading to <u>more</u> fear, <u>instead</u> you have received a <u>Spirit</u> of adoption as sons by <u>whom</u> we <u>call</u> out, "Abba! Father!" The Spirit Himself testifies <u>together</u> with our spirit that we are children of God, and <u>since *we are*</u> children, <u>we are</u> heirs also – <u>on the one hand</u> heirs of God and <u>on the other hand co-heirs</u> with Christ, <u>since</u> indeed we suffer <u>together</u> with *Him* so that we may also be glorified <u>together</u> with *Him*.

• Waiting for Glorification [8:18-25]

For I consider that the sufferings of this present <u>age</u> are not worthy to be compared with the glory that is <u>about</u> to be revealed to us. For the creation eagerly <u>and expectantly</u> waits for the revealing of the sons of God. For the creation was subjected to futility – not <u>voluntarily</u>, but because of Him who subjected it – in <u>expectation</u> that the creation itself also will be set free from its slavery to corruption into the freedom of the glory of the children of God. For we know that, <u>as one</u>, the whole creation groans and suffers <u>agony up</u> until <u>this</u> <u>day</u>. And not only this, but also we ourselves, <u>already</u> having the first fruits of the Spirit, we <u>also</u> groan within ourselves, waiting eagerly for <u>the fullness of</u> our adoption as sons, the redemption of our body. For in hope we have been saved, but hope that is seen is not hope; for who hopes for <u>something</u> he <u>already</u> sees? But <u>since</u> we hope for <u>something</u> we do not see, with <u>steadfastness</u> we wait eagerly for it.

• Intercession of the Spirit [8:26-27]

<u>Likewise</u> also, the Spirit <u>works with</u> our <u>spiritual</u> weakness; for, <u>you see</u>, we do not know how to pray <u>properly</u>, but, <u>instead</u>, the Spirit Himself intercedes <u>on</u> <u>our behalf</u> with groanings too deep for words; and He who searches the hearts knows what the Spirit is <u>thinking</u>, because He <u>pleads</u> for the saints according to *the will of* God <u>*the Father*</u>.

• Certainty of Glorification [8:28-39]

8:28-30

And we know that all things work together <u>to produce</u> good <u>for</u> those who love God, <u>for</u> those who are called according to *His* purpose. For those whom He foreknew, He also predestined *to become* conformed to the image of His Son, <u>to</u> <u>the end</u> that He would be the firstborn among many brethren; and these whom He predestined, He also called; and these whom He called, He also justified; and these whom He justified, He also glorified.

8:31-34

What then shall we say to these things? <u>Since</u> God is for us, who <u>can be</u> against us? He who did not spare His own Son, but delivered Him over for us all, how will He not also <u>together</u> with Him <u>graciously</u> give us all things? Who will <u>make an accusation</u> against God's <u>chosen ones</u>? God is the one who justifies; who is the one who <u>will condemn</u>? Christ Jesus<u>: *and it*</u> is He who died, yes, rather who was raised, who is <u>also</u> at the right hand of God, who also <u>pleads on</u> <u>our behalf</u>.

8:35-39

Who <u>or what</u> will separate us from the love of Christ? Will tribulation, or distress, or persecution, or <u>hunger</u>, or <u>exposure</u>, or peril, or <u>death by</u> sword? Just as it is written, "FOR YOUR SAKE WE ARE BEING PUT TO DEATH ALL DAY LONG; WE WERE CONSIDERED AS SHEEP TO BE SLAUGHTERED." But <u>instead</u> in all these things we overwhelmingly conquer through Him who loved us. For I <u>have become</u> convinced that neither death, nor life, nor angels, nor principalities, nor things present, nor things to come, nor powers, nor height, nor depth, nor any other created thing, will be able to separate us from the love of God, which is in Christ Jesus our Lord.

• Sorrow for Israel [9:1-5]

I am telling the truth in Christ, I am not lying, my conscience testifies <u>together</u> with me in the Holy Spirit, that <u>my</u> sorrow <u>is</u> great and <u>the</u> grief in my heart <u>is</u> unceasing. For I could wish that I myself were accursed, *separated* from Christ for the sake of my brethren, my kinsmen according to the flesh, who are Israelites, to whom belongs the adoption as sons, and the glory and the

covenants and the giving of the Law and the *temple* service and the promises, whose are the fathers, and from whom is the Christ according to the flesh, who is over all, <u>who is</u> God, <u>who is</u> blessed forever. Amen.

• Israel: Children of the Promise [9:6-13]

But *it is* not as though the word of God has failed. For not all who are *descended* from Israel are *truly* Israel; nor are they all children because they are Abraham's descendants, but: "THROUGH ISAAC YOUR DESCENDANTS WILL BE NAMED." That is, it is not the children of the flesh who are children of God, but the children of the promise are regarded as descendants. For this is the word of promise: "AT <u>THE APPROPRIATE</u> TIME I WILL <u>RETURN</u>, AND SARAH SHALL HAVE A SON." And not only this, but there was Rebekah also, when she had conceived *twins* by one man, our father Isaac; for though *the twins* were not yet born and had not done anything good or bad, so that God's purpose according to *His* choice would stand, not because of works but because of Him who calls, it was said to her, "THE OLDER WILL SERVE THE YOUNGER." Just as it is written, "JACOB I LOVED, BUT ESAU I HATED."

• God is Just in Choosing Israel [9:14-21]

What shall we say then? There is no injustice with God, is there? <u>Absolutely</u> <u>not</u>! For He says to Moses, "I WILL HAVE MERCY ON <u>WHOMEVER</u> I HAVE MERCY," "AND I WILL HAVE COMPASSION ON <u>WHOMEVER</u> I HAVE COMPASSION." So then it *does* not *depend* on <u>human will</u> or <u>human</u> <u>effort</u>, but on God who <u>shows</u> mercy. For the Scripture says to Pharaoh, "FOR THIS VERY PURPOSE I RAISED YOU UP," "TO DEMONSTRATE MY POWER IN YOU, AND THAT MY NAME MIGHT BE PROCLAIMED THROUGHOUT THE WHOLE EARTH." So then He has mercy on whom He <u>wills</u>, and He hardens whom He <u>wills</u>. You will say to me then, "Why does He still find fault? For who <u>has resisted</u> His will?" On the contrary, who are you, O man, who <u>talks</u> back to God? The thing molded will not say to the molder, "Why did you make me like this," will it? Or does not the potter have <u>authority</u> over the clay, to make from the same lump one vessel for honorable use and another for common use?

• True Sons: The Remnant [9:22-29]

What if God, although willing to demonstrate His wrath and to make His power known, endured with much patience vessels of wrath made ready for devastation? In order that He might also make known the abundance of His glory upon vessels of mercy, which He made ready beforehand for glory, even us, whom He also called, not from among Jews only, but also from among Gentiles. As He says also in Hosea, "I WILL CALL THOSE WHO WERE NOT MY PEOPLE, 'MY PEOPLE,' AND HER WHO WAS NOT BELOVED, 'BELOVED.'" "AND IT SHALL BE THAT IN THE PLACE WHERE IT WAS SAID TO THEM, 'YOU ARE NOT MY PEOPLE,' THERE THEY SHALL BE CALLED SONS OF THE LIVING GOD." Isaiah cries out concerning Israel, "THOUGH THE NUMBER OF THE SONS OF ISRAEL BE LIKE THE SAND OF THE SEA, IT IS THE REMNANT THAT WILL BE SAVED; FOR THE LORD WILL EXECUTE HIS WORD ON THE EARTH, THOROUGHLY AND QUICKLY." And just as Isaiah foretold, "UNLESS THE LORD OF SABAOTH HAD LEFT TO US A POSTERITY, WE WOULD HAVE BECOME LIKE SODOM, AND WOULD HAVE **RESEMBLED GOMORRAH.**"

• Israel Stumbled [9:30-10:4]

What shall we say then? That Gentiles, who did not pursue righteousness, attained righteousness, <u>that is</u>, the righteousness which is <u>the result of</u> faith; but Israel, pursuing a Law of righteousness, did not <u>reach the standard of *the* Law</u>. Why <u>did they fall short</u>? Because <u>the outcome was</u> not <u>the result of</u> faith, but <u>they pursued it</u> as <u>if</u> it were the result of works. They stumbled over the stumbling stone, just as it is written, "BEHOLD, I LAY IN ZION A STONE OF STUMBLING AND A ROCK OF OFFENSE, AND HE WHO BELIEVES IN HIM WILL NOT BE DISAPPOINTED." Brethren, my heart's desire and my prayer <u>request</u> to God for them is for *their* salvation. For I testify about them that they have a zeal for God, but not in accordance with <u>true</u> knowledge. For <u>being ignorant of</u> God's righteousness and <u>striving</u> to establish their own, they did not <u>humble</u> themselves <u>under subjection</u> to the righteousness of God. For the end of the <u>Law</u> is Christ <u>resulting in</u> righteousness <u>for</u> everyone who believes.

• Salvation for Israel [10:5-13]

For Moses writes <u>about</u> the righteousness which is based on <u>the Law</u> that "THE MAN WHO PRACTICES <u>THESE THINGS</u> SHALL LIVE BY <u>THEM</u>." But the righteousness based on faith speaks as follows: "DO NOT SAY IN YOUR HEART, 'WHO WILL ASCEND INTO HEAVEN?' (that is, to bring Christ down), or 'WHO WILL DESCEND INTO THE ABYSS?' (that is, to bring Christ up from the dead)." But what does it say? "THE WORD IS NEAR YOU, IN YOUR MOUTH AND IN YOUR HEART" (that is, the word of faith which we are <u>proclaiming</u>). <u>Because</u> if you confess with your mouth <u>that</u> Jesus <u>is</u> Lord, and believe in your heart that God raised Him from the dead, you will be saved; for with the heart a person believes, resulting in righteousness, and with the mouth he confesses <u>regarding *that*</u> salvation. For the Scripture says, "WHOEVER BELIEVES IN HIM WILL NOT BE DISAPPOINTED." For there is no distinction between Jew and Greek; for the same *Lord* is Lord of all, <u>abundantly providing</u> for all who call on Him; for "WHOEVER WILL CALL ON THE NAME OF THE LORD WILL BE SAVED."

• Israel Heard, But Did Not Believe [10:14-21]

How then will they call on Him in whom they have not believed? How will they believe in Him about whom they have not heard? And how will they hear without someone evangelizing? How will they evangelize unless they are sent out? Just as it is written, "HOW WONDERFUL IS THE ARRIVAL OF THOSE WHO BRING GOOD NEWS OF GOOD THINGS!" However, they did not all respond to hearing the good news; for Isaiah says, "LORD, WHO HAS BELIEVED OUR REPORT?" So, then, faith comes from hearing, and hearing through the message spoken about Christ. But I say, Israel has certainly not heard this message, right? On the contrary, they have; "THEIR VOICE HAS GONE OUT INTO ALL THE EARTH, AND THEIR WORDS TO THE ENDS OF THE WORLD." But I say, Israel certainly did not know, right? First Moses says, "I WILL MAKE YOU JEALOUS BY THAT WHICH IS NOT A NATION, BY A NATION WITHOUT UNDERSTANDING WILL I ANGER YOU." And Isaiah is very bold and says, "I WAS FOUND BY THOSE WHO DID NOT SEEK ME, I BECAME MANIFEST TO THOSE WHO DID NOT ASK FOR ME." But as for Israel Isaiah says, "ALL THE DAY LONG I HAVE

STRETCHED OUT MY HANDS TO A DISOBEDIENT AND OBSTINATE PEOPLE."

• Israel Hardened, Not Rejected [11:1-10]

I say then, God has not rejected His people, has He? Absolutely not! For I too am an Israelite, a descendant of Abraham, of the tribe of Benjamin. God has not rejected His people whom He foreknew. Or do you not know what the Scripture says in the passage about Elijah, how he pleads with God against Israel? "Lord, THEY HAVE KILLED YOUR PROPHETS, THEY HAVE TORN DOWN YOUR ALTARS, AND I ALONE AM LEFT, AND THEY ARE SEEKING MY LIFE." But what is the divine response to him? "I HAVE KEPT for Myself SEVEN THOUSAND MEN WHO HAVE NOT BOWED THE KNEE TO BAAL." In the same way then, there has also come to be in the present age a remnant according to God's gracious choice. But since it is by grace, it cannot be on the basis of works, otherwise grace ceases to be grace. What then? What Israel is eagerly seeking, it has not obtained, but those who believed and are among the chosen obtained it, and the others who rejected Christ were hardened; just as it is written, "GOD GAVE THEM A SPIRIT OF STUPOR, EYES TO SEE NOT AND EARS TO HEAR NOT, DOWN TO THIS VERY DAY." And David says, "LET THEIR TABLE BECOME A SNARE AND A TRAP, AND A STUMBLING BLOCK AND A RETRIBUTION TO THEM." "LET THEIR EYES BE DARKENED TO SEE NOT, AND BEND THEIR BACKS FOREVER."

• Gentiles Grafted In [11:11-24]

<u>11:11-15</u>

I say then, they did not stumble so as to fall <u>beyond recovery</u>, did they? <u>Absolutely not!</u> On the contrary, by <u>means of</u> their <u>failure</u> <u>to believe</u> salvation has come to the Gentiles, <u>in order</u> to make them jealous. Now <u>since</u> their <u>failure</u> <u>to believe</u> is <u>spiritual</u> <u>abundance</u> for the <u>people of the</u> world and their <u>loss</u> is <u>spiritual</u> <u>gain</u> for the Gentiles, how much more <u>spiritual abundance</u> will <u>there</u> <u>be when they are fully restored</u>! But I am speaking to you, <u>the</u> Gentiles. <u>Given</u> <u>that</u> I am <u>indeed</u> an apostle of Gentiles, I <u>take</u> my ministry <u>very seriously</u>, <u>hopeful that</u> I might move my <u>kinsmen</u> to jealousy and save some of them. For <u>since</u> their <u>being set aside</u> <u>leads to</u> the reconciliation of the <u>people of the</u> world, what will <u>their</u> acceptance be but life from the dead?

11:16-24

Since the first piece of dough is holy, the whole lump of dough is also; and since the root is holy, the branches are too. But since some of the branches were broken off, and you, being a wild olive *branch*, were grafted in among them and became partakers together with them of the rich root of the olive tree, stop being arrogant toward the *natural* branches; and given that you are arrogant, you ought to recognize that it is not you who provides support for the root, but the root provides support for you. You will say then, "Branches were broken off so that I might be grafted in." Rightly so, but they were broken off for their unbelief, and you have standing by means of your faith. Stop being conceited, but instead show proper respect; for since God did not spare the natural branches, He will not spare you, either. Notice then the kindness and judicial strictness of God; to those who fell, judicial strictness, but to you, God's kindness, if you continue in His kindness; otherwise you also will be cut off. And they also, if they do not continue in their unbelief, will be grafted in, for God is able to graft them in again. For since you were cut off from what is by nature a wild olive tree, and were grafted contrary to nature into a cultivated olive tree, how much more will these who are the natural branches be grafted into their own olive tree!

• All Israel Will Be Saved [11:25-32]

11:25-27

For I do not want you, brethren, to be uninformed of this mystery — so that you <u>might</u> not <u>continue to</u> be wise in your own estimation — that a partial hardening <u>of their hearts</u> has happened to Israel until the fullness of the Gentiles has come <u>about</u>; and, <u>in the end</u>, all Israel will be saved; just as it is written, "THE DELIVERER WILL COME FROM ZION, HE WILL REMOVE UNGODLINESS FROM JACOB." "THIS IS MY COVENANT WITH THEM, WHEN I TAKE AWAY THEIR SINS."

11:28-32

<u>Regarding</u> the gospel they are <u>subjected to hostility</u> for your sake, but <u>regarding</u> *God's* choice they are <u>objects of *His* love</u> for the sake of the <u>patriarchs</u>; for the <u>things bestowed by grace</u> and the calling of God are irrevocable. For just as you once were disobedient to God, but <u>in the present time</u> have been shown mercy <u>by means</u> of their disobedience, so <u>they</u> have been disobedient <u>in the present</u> <u>time as well</u>, <u>in order</u> that, <u>by means</u> of the mercy shown to you, they <u>might</u> be shown mercy <u>as well</u>. For God has <u>locked</u> up all in disobedience so that He <u>might</u> show mercy to all.

• Glory Be to God [11:33-36]

Oh, the depth of the <u>abundance</u> both of the wisdom and knowledge of God! How unsearchable are His judgments and unfathomable His ways! For WHO HAS KNOWN THE MIND OF THE LORD, OR WHO BECAME HIS COUNSELOR? Or WHO HAS FIRST GIVEN TO HIM THAT IT MIGHT BE PAID BACK TO HIM AGAIN? For from Him and through Him and to Him are all things. To Him be the glory forever. Amen.

• Living and Holy Sacrifices [12:1-2]

Therefore, I <u>strongly</u> urge you, brethren, by the <u>tender</u> mercies of God, to present your bodies a living and holy sacrifice, acceptable to God *which is* <u>the</u> <u>logical way of serving as a function</u> of your spiritual worship. And <u>stop being</u> conformed to this <u>age</u>, but be transformed by the renewing of your mind, so that you may prove what the will of God is, that which is good and acceptable and perfect.

• Function of Members [12:3-8]

For through the grace given to me I say to everyone among you not to think more highly of himself than he ought to think; but to think so as to <u>use</u> sound judgment, as God has allotted to each <u>believer</u> a measure of faith. For just as we have many members in one body and all the members do not have the same <u>active</u> function, <u>in the same way</u> we, who are many, are one body in Christ, and individually members one of another. Since we have <u>spiritual</u> gifts that differ according to the grace given to us, *each gifted believer should actively function* accordingly: if <u>one has the spiritual gift of</u> prophecy, <u>he should actively use that</u> <u>gift</u> according to the proportion of his faith; if <u>one has the spiritual gift of</u> service, <u>he should actively use that gift</u> in serving <u>others</u>; <u>if one is a gifted</u> <u>teacher</u>, <u>he should actively use his gift</u> in teaching <u>others</u>; <u>if one is a gifted</u> <u>exhorter</u>, <u>he should actively use his gift</u> in exhorting <u>others</u>; <u>if one is a gifted</u> <u>giver</u>, <u>he should actively use his gift</u> in generosity <u>toward others</u>; <u>if one is a</u> <u>gifted leader</u>, <u>he should actively use his gift</u> with diligence; <u>if one is a gifted</u> <u>shower of mercy</u>, <u>he should actively use his gift</u> with <u>a heart of gladness</u>.

• Overcome Evil with Good [12:9-21]

Love *should be* without *any* hypocrisy. Abhor what is evil; cling *closely* to what is good. Be devoted to one another in brotherly love; excel in showing honor to one another; not holding back in your diligence, enthusiastic in spirit, serving the Lord; rejoicing in hope, persevering in tribulation, consistent in prayer, contributing to the needs of the saints, pursuing hospitality. Bless those who persecute you; bless and do not curse. Rejoice with those who rejoice, and weep with those who weep. Be of the same mind toward one another; do not be haughty in mind, but instead associate with the lowly. Stop being wise in your own estimation. Never pay back evil for evil to anyone. Respect what is right in the judgment of all people. If possible, so far as it depends on you, live in peace with all people. Never take justice into your own hands, beloved, but leave room for the wrath of God, for it is written, "VENGEANCE IS MINE, I WILL REPAY," says the Lord. "BUT IF YOUR ENEMY IS HUNGRY, FEED HIM, AND IF HE IS THIRSTY, GIVE HIM A DRINK;" "FOR IN SO DOING YOU WILL HEAP BURNING COALS ON HIS HEAD." Stop being overcome by evil, but instead overcome evil with that which is good.

• Respect Authority [13:1-7]

Every person is to be in subjection to the governing authorities. For there is no authority except <u>that which is given by</u> God, and <u>the governing authorities</u> which exist <u>have been</u> established by God. <u>So then</u>, whoever <u>rejects such</u> authority has opposed the ordinance of God; and they who have opposed will receive <u>governmental</u> judgment upon themselves. For <u>government officials</u> are not a cause of <u>intimidation</u> for good behavior, but for evil. Do you <u>think you</u> should have no fear of authority? Do what is good and you will have <u>approval</u>

from the same; for it is a <u>servant</u> of God to you for good. But if you do what is evil, be afraid; for it does not bear the sword <u>without a purpose</u>; for it is a <u>servant</u> of God, an <u>agent of punishment</u> who brings <u>retribution to</u> the one who <u>carries out</u> evil. Therefore it is necessary to be in subjection <u>to the governing</u> <u>authorities</u>, not only because of <u>retribution</u>, but also for conscience' sake. For because of this you also pay taxes, for <u>governing authorities</u> are servants of God, <u>consistently doing</u> this very thing. <u>Fulfill your obligations</u> to <u>everyone</u>: <u>give</u> tax to whom tax *is due*; <u>give</u> custom to whom custom <u>is due</u>; <u>give</u> fear to whom fear <u>is due</u>; <u>give</u> honor to whom honor <u>is due</u>.

• Love Fulfills the Law [13:8-10]

Owe nothing to anyone except to love one another; for he who loves his neighbor has fulfilled *the* Law. For this, "YOU SHALL NOT COMMIT ADULTERY, YOU SHALL NOT MURDER," "YOU SHALL NOT STEAL, YOU SHALL NOT COVET," and if there is any other commandment, it is summed up in this <u>phrase</u>, "YOU SHALL LOVE YOUR NEIGHBOR AS YOURSELF." Love does no <u>evil</u> to a neighbor; therefore love is the fulfillment of the Law.

• The Day is Near [13:11-13]

Do this, <u>being aware of</u> the <u>present age</u>, that it is already the <u>time</u> for you to awaken from <u>spiritual slumber</u>; for now <u>our</u> salvation is nearer than <u>the moment</u> when we <u>first</u> believed. The <u>nighttime</u> is <u>coming to a close</u>, and the <u>daytime</u> is <u>drawing</u> near. Therefore let us lay aside the deeds of darkness and put on the armor of light. Let us <u>conduct ourselves</u> properly as in the <u>daytime</u>, not in carousing and drunkenness, <u>nor</u> in sexual promiscuity and sensuality, <u>nor</u> in strife and jealousy.

• Put on Christ [13:14]

But <u>instead</u> put on the Lord Jesus Christ, and <u>do not fantasize</u> about the *sins of* <u>the flesh</u> <u>so as</u> to <u>arouse</u> lusts.

• Let the Lord Judge [14:1-12]

Now accept the one who is weak in faith, but not for the purpose of getting into quarrels about differing viewpoints. On the one hand, one person believes that he may eat all things, but on the other hand, he who is weak *in faith* eats vegetables only. The one who eats meat is not to regard with contempt the one who does not eat *meat*, and the one who does not eat *meat* is not to judge the one who eats *meat*, for God has accepted him. Who are you who judges the house-servant of another? To his own Lord he stands or falls; and he will stand, for the Lord is able to make him stand. On the one hand, one person considers one day above another, but on the other hand, another person considers every day alike. Each person must be fully confident in his own opinion. He who focuses on the day, does so for the Lord, and he who eats meat, does so for the Lord, for he gives thanks to God; and he who does not eat meat, he does so for the Lord, and gives thanks to God. For no one among us lives for himself, and no one among us dies for himself; for if we live, we live for the Lord, or if we die, we die for the Lord; consequently, whether we live or die, we are the Lord's. For Christ died and lived again for this purpose, that He might be Lord both of the dead and of the living. But you, why do you judge your brother? Or you also, why do you regard your brother with contempt? For we will all stand before the judgment seat of God. For it is written, "AS I LIVE, SAYS THE LORD, EVERY KNEE SHALL BOW TO ME, AND EVERY TONGUE SHALL GIVE PRAISE TO GOD." So then each one of us will give a reckoning of himself to God.

• Do Not Cause Stumbling [14:13-23]

Therefore let us not judge one another anymore, but rather determine this – not to put <u>a cause for offense</u> or a stumbling block in a brother's way. I know and <u>have become</u> convinced <u>by</u> the Lord Jesus that nothing is unclean in itself; but to him who <u>reckons</u> anything to be unclean, to him it is unclean. For <u>since</u> because of food your brother is hurt, you are no longer walking according to love. <u>Stop ruining *the walk of*</u> him for whom Christ died with your food. Therefore do not let what you <u>reckon to be</u> a good thing be spoken of as evil; for the kingdom of God is not eating and drinking, but righteousness and peace and joy in the Holy Spirit. For he who in this *way* serves Christ is acceptable to God and approved by <u>people</u>. So then <u>let us</u> pursue the things which make for

peace and the building up of one another. <u>Stop tearing</u> down the work of God for the sake of food. All things indeed are <u>pure</u>, but <u>it is wrong</u> for <u>someone to</u> <u>be a cause for offense by what he</u> eats. It is <u>right</u> not to eat meat or to drink wine, or *to do anything <u>else</u>* by which your brother stumbles. The faith which you have, have as your own conviction before God. Happy is he who does not <u>pass judgment on</u> himself in what he <u>has evaluated and approved</u>. But he who doubts is <u>guilty of sin</u> if he eats <u>meat</u>, because <u>his eating of meat</u> is not from faith; and whatever is not from faith is sin.

• Accept One Another [15:1-12]

<u>15:1-7</u>

Now we who are strong <u>in faith</u> ought to bear the weaknesses of those <u>who are</u> <u>weak in faith</u> and not just please ourselves. Each of us is to please his neighbor for his good, to his edification. For even Christ did not please Himself; but as it is written, "THE REPROACHES OF THOSE WHO REPROACHED YOU FELL ON ME." For whatever was written in earlier times was written for our instruction, so that through <u>steadfastness</u> and the encouragement of the Scriptures we might have hope. Now may the God who gives <u>steadfastness</u> and encouragement grant you to be of the same mind with one another <u>in</u> <u>accordance with</u> Christ Jesus, so that with one <u>purpose</u> you may with one voice glorify the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ. Therefore, accept one another, just as Christ also accepted us to the glory of God.

15:8-12

For I <u>state</u> that Christ has become <u>a minister</u> to the circumcision on behalf of the truth of God to confirm the promises *given* to the fathers, and <u>that</u> the Gentiles <u>might</u> glorify God for His mercy; as it is written, "THEREFORE I WILL GIVE PRAISE TO YOU AMONG THE GENTILES, AND I WILL SING TO YOUR NAME." <u>And</u> again <u>the Scripture</u> says, "REJOICE, O GENTILES, WITH HIS PEOPLE." And again <u>the Scripture says</u>, "PRAISE THE LORD ALL YOU GENTILES, AND LET ALL THE PEOPLES PRAISE HIM." <u>And</u> again Isaiah says, "THERE SHALL COME THE ROOT OF JESSE," "AND HE WHO ARISES TO RULE OVER THE GENTILES, IN HIM SHALL THE GENTILES HOPE."

• Abound in Hope and Goodness [15:13-14]

Now may the God <u>who gives</u> hope fill you with all joy and peace in believing, so that you will <u>be enriched with</u> hope by the power of the Holy Spirit. And concerning you, my brethren, I myself also <u>have become</u> convinced that you yourselves are full of goodness, <u>having been</u> filled with all knowledge and able also to admonish one another.

• Minister to the Gentiles [15:15-21]

But I have written <u>somewhat</u> boldly to you on some points so as to remind you again, <u>by virtue</u> of the grace that was given me from God, to be a minister of Christ Jesus to the Gentiles, ministering as a priest the gospel of God, so that my offering of the Gentiles may become acceptable, sanctified by the Holy Spirit. Therefore in Christ Jesus I have found reason for boasting in things pertaining to God. For I will not presume to speak of anything except what Christ has accomplished through me, resulting in the obedience of the Gentiles by word and deed, in the power of signs and wonders, in the power of the Spirit <u>of God</u>; so that from Jerusalem and round about as far as Illyricum I have <u>fulfilled *my ministry in preaching*</u> the gospel of Christ. And <u>in this manner I</u> aspired to preach the gospel, not where Christ was *already* named, so that I would not build on another man's foundation; but as it is written, "THEY WHO HAD NO NEWS OF HIM SHALL SEE, AND THEY WHO HAVE NOT HEARD SHALL UNDERSTAND."

• Desire to Visit Rome [15:22-33]

For this reason I have been <u>hindered</u> from coming to you <u>many times</u>; but now, with no further place for me in these regions, and since I have had for many years a longing to come to you <u>when I am able to</u> go to Spain — for I hope to <u>visit</u> you <u>as I pass through</u>, and <u>that</u> you <u>might assist me</u> on my journey there, <u>after I have enjoyed your company for a while — but now, I am going to</u> Jerusalem <u>to serve</u> the saints. For Macedonia and Achaia have been pleased to make a contribution for the poor among the saints in Jerusalem. Yes, they were <u>well</u> pleased *to do so*, and they are <u>under obligation</u> to them. For <u>since</u> the Gentiles have <u>received a share</u> in their spiritual things, they are <u>under obligation</u> to minister to them also in material things. Therefore, <u>after I have completed</u>

this *journey*, and have <u>safely delivered</u> this fruit <u>to them</u>, I will go on by way of you to Spain. I know that when I come to you, I will come in the fullness of the blessing of Christ. Now I urge you, brethren, by our Lord Jesus Christ and by the love of the Spirit, to strive together with me in your prayers to God for me, *praying* that I may be rescued from those who are disobedient in Judea, and *that* my service for Jerusalem may prove <u>well pleasing</u> to the saints; so that I may come to you in joy by the will of God and find *refreshing* rest in your company. Now the God of peace be with you all. Amen.

• Phoebe the Deaconess [16:1-2]

I commend to you our sister Phoebe, who is a <u>deaconess</u> of the church which is at Cenchrea; <u>so</u> that you <u>welcome</u> her in the Lord in a manner worthy of the saints, and that you <u>provide</u> her <u>with</u> whatever <u>type of assistance</u> she may need <u>from</u> you; for she herself has also been a <u>supporter</u> of many, and of myself as well.

• Greetings [16:3-16]

Greet Prisca and Aquila, my fellow workers in Christ Jesus, who for my life risked their own necks, to whom not only do I give thanks, but also all the churches of the Gentiles; also *greet* the church that is in their house. Greet Epaenetus, my dear friend, who is the first convert to Christ from Asia. Greet Mary, who has worked hard for you. Greet Andronicus and Junias, my kinsmen and my fellow prisoners, who had an outstanding *reputation* among the Apostles, who also were in Christ before me. Greet Ampliatus, my dear friend in the Lord. Greet Urbanus, our fellow worker in Christ, and Stachys my dear friend. Greet Apelles, the approved in Christ. Greet those who are of the household of Aristobulus. Greet Herodion, my kinsman. Greet those of the *household* of Narcissus, who are in the Lord. Greet Tryphaena and Tryphosa, hard workers in the Lord. Greet Persis a dear friend to many, who has worked hard in the Lord. Greet Rufus, a choice man in the Lord, also his mother and mine. Greet Asyncritus, Phlegon, Hermes, Patrobas, Hermas and the brethren with them. Greet Philologus and Julia, Nereus and his sister, and Olympas, and all the saints who are with them. Greet one another with a holy kiss. All the churches of Christ greet you.

• Warning [16:17-18]

Now I urge you, brethren, <u>watch out for</u> those who cause dissensions and <u>create</u> <u>obstacles</u> contrary to the teaching which you learned, and <u>stay</u> away from them! For such <u>people</u> are <u>serving as</u> slaves of their own <u>fleshly</u> appetites, not of our Lord Christ; and by their smooth and flattering speech they deceive the hearts of the unsuspecting.

• Encouragement [16:19-20]

For the report of your obedience has reached to all; therefore I am rejoicing over you, but I <u>deeply</u> desire for you to be wise in what is good and innocent in what is evil. The God of peace will soon crush Satan under your feet. The grace of our Lord Jesus be with you.

• Further Greetings [16:21-24]

Timothy my fellow worker greets you, and *so do* Lucius and Jason and Sosipater, my kinsmen. I, Tertius, who write this letter, greet you in the Lord. Gaius, host to me and to the whole church, greets you. Erastus, the city treasurer greets you, and Quartus, the brother. [The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be with you all. Amen.]

• Doxology [16:25-27]

Now to Him who is able to establish you <u>in accordance with</u> my gospel and the preaching of Jesus Christ, <u>in accordance with</u> the revelation of the mystery which has been kept secret for long ages past, but now is manifested, and by the Scriptures of the prophets, <u>in accordance with</u> the commandment of the eternal God, has been <u>revealed</u> to all the nations, *leading* to obedience of faith; to the only wise God, through Jesus Christ, be the glory forever. Amen.