## 2<sup>nd</sup> Thessalonians

## Conclusion [3:16-18]

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- Now may the Lord of <u>Peace</u> Himself continually grant you peace in every circumstance.
  Αὐτὸς δὲ ὁ κύριος τῆς εἰρήνης δώη ὑμῖν τὴν εἰρήνην διὰ παντὸς ἐν παντὶ τρόπω.
  - The phrase "may ... grant" is the optative of δίδωμι (didōmi) which means "give", "bestow" or "grant".
  - This word means to give as an expression of generosity.
  - The optative is the mood of hopefulness.
  - The phrase "the Lord of peace" is a title for the Lord Jesus Christ.
  - We will capitalize the word "peace" to indicate this.
  - The word "Himself" is given as emphasis here to highlight His role in this activity.
  - The word "continually" is literally "through all".
  - This is a Greek idiom which means "always" [Acts 2:25].
  - This idiom can also mean "constantly" [Mark 5:5] or "continually" [Matt 18:10; Luke 24:53] as it does here.
  - The word "peace" is from εἰρήνη (eirēnē) which means "peace" or "harmony".
  - This word can describe the state of peace within someone's soul or harmony in personal relationships.
  - Given that the passage that precedes this verse discusses undisciplined believers, it is most likely that Paul is hopeful for unity among the believers at the Thessalonian church.
  - This unity would help the individual believers have inner peace.

  - This word can also refer to the circumstances under which someone lives.
- o The Lord be with you all!

ό κύριος μετὰ πάντων ύμῶν.

- The phrase "The Lord be with you all!" was a commonly used benediction.
- Paul does not mean to say that the Lord is not with us at times.
- Instead, he is expressing his desire that all the believers in Thessalonica will enjoy true fellowship with Christ which will lead to the kind of unity he is hoping for.
- o I, Paul, write this greeting with my own hand, and this is a distinguishing mark in every letter; this is the way I write.

Ὁ ἀσπασμὸς τῆ ἐμῆ χειρὶ Παύλου, ὅ ἐστιν σημεῖον ἐν πάση ἐπιστολῆ· οὕτως γράφω.

- Paul typically used an amanuensis to write his letters [Rom 16:22], although he would often write part of the letter himself [Col 4:18] so people would know the letter was truly from him.
- His handwriting was distinct, so there would be no doubt.

- o The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be with you all.
  - Ή χάρις τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ μετὰ πάντων ὑμῶν.
  - Paul concludes this letter with almost the exact phrase as in the first letter to the Thessalonians [1 Thess 5:28].
  - The addition of the word "all" is probably another indication of Paul's desire for unity among the believers in Thessalonica.
  - Paul often used the phrase "The grace of the Lord Jesus Christ" in closing his letters [1 Cor 16:23; 2 Cor 13:14; Gal 6:18; Phil 4:23].
- o Principles of 2<sup>nd</sup> Thessalonians 3:16-18
  - Our Lord is the God of peace [Rom 15:33; 16:20; 2 Cor 13:11; Phil 4:9; 1 Thess 5:23; Heb 13:20].
  - The fallen angel (Allah) that the Muslims worship is about anything but peace.
  - The peace we have with God is through our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ [Rom 5:1].
  - When we walk in the Light, in fellowship with God, He fills us with joy and peace [Rom 15:13].
  - When we entrust all our worries and concerns to God in prayer, the very peace of God will protect our hearts [Phil 4:6-7].
  - This peace (contentment) does not depend upon the circumstances of life we may be facing [Phil 4:11-13].
  - God desires for us to have peace within our local church, not confusion [1 Cor 14:33].
  - While we walk in a worthy manner, we should be diligent to preserve the unity and peace in our local church [Eph 4:1-6].
  - When we do all things within the sphere of love, it fosters unity within the congregation [Col 3:14].
  - Jesus promised that He would always be with us [Matt 28:19-20].
  - However, the phrase "the Lord be with you" is used to wish the blessings of the Lord on others [Ruth 2:4; 1 Sam 17:37; 20:13; 1 Chr 22:11; 2 Tim 4:22; Phlm 25].
  - So is asking that the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ to be with others [Rom 16:24; Rev 22:21].
  - Anything and everything positive in our lives has come about because of the grace of God [1 Cor 15:10; 2 Cor 9:8].
  - The truth of the gospel gives us some insight into God's grace, but we ought to strive to fully understand grace [Col 1:3-8].
  - The grace of our Lord is more than abundant [1 Tim 1:14], and we have received grace upon grace [John 1:16].