### **IMWG Conference Series: Amsterdam 2019**

# **Making Sense of Treatment**





Wednesday, June 12, 2019



# **Today's Speakers**





Brian GM Durie Cedars Sinai Medical Center Joseph Mikhael Translational Genomics Research Institute (TGen) City of Hope Cancer Center



**Philippe Moreau** University of Nantes



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# **Recent Abstracts/Presentations/Publications**







EHA 2019

Abstracts: 2309

Myeloma-related: 210

Oral presentations: 8\*

Plenary session presentation: 1

Oral presentations: 13\*

Myeloma-related: 199

(one presidential symp)

Posters: 182\*



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\*With one exception: all represented at EHA

# **Today's Topics**

- Smoldering myeloma
- Frontline therapy
- Maintenance
- Relapse therapies
- New agents

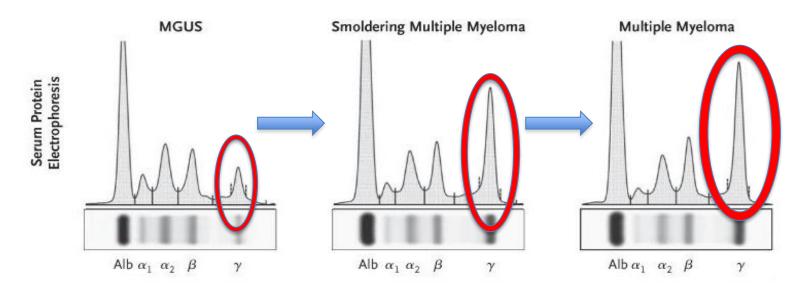


# Smoldering Myeloma (SMM)

- Risk classification
- Treatment strategies



### Smoldering multiple myeloma



Increasing levels of monoclonal protein

Increasing marrow plasma cell percentage

**Development of End Organ Damage** 



### IMWG Project: New SMM Risk Score Tool\*

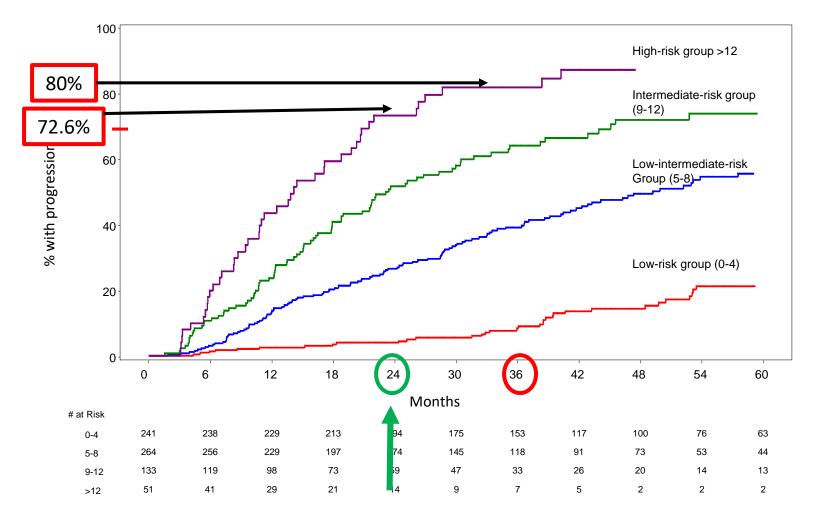
Risk Factor	Coefficient	Odds Ratio (95% Cl)	P-value	Score
FLC Ratio				
0-10 (reference)	-	-	-	0
>10-25	0.69	1.99 (1.15, 3.45)	0.014	2
>25-40	0.96	2.61 (1.36, 4.99)	0.004	3
>40	1.56	4.73 (2.88, 7.77)	< 0.0001	5
M protein (g/dL)				
0-1.5 (reference)	-	-	-	
>1.5-3	0.95	2.59 (1.56, 4.31)	0.0002	3
>3	1.30	3.65 (2.02, 6.61)	< 0.0001	4
BMPC%				
0-15 (reference)	-	-	-	0
>15-20	0.57	1.77 (1.03, 3.06)	0.04	(2)
>20-30	1.01	2.74 (1.6, 4.68)	0.0002	3
>30-40	1.57	4.82 (2.5, 9.28)	< 0.0001	5
>40	2.00	7.42 (3.23, 17.02)	< 0.0001	6
FiSH abnormality	0.83	2.28 (1.53, 3.42)	< 0.0001	2

Total Risk score	Predicted risk at 2-vears	% of sample	Low	
0	3.2	11.6	Low	
2	6.2	8.1	34.9%	
3	8.5	11.0	34.370	
4	11.6	4.2		
5	15.7	14.4		
6	20.8	6.8		
7	27	8.4		
8	34.3	8.7		
9	42.5	5.1		
10	51	6.2	High	
11	59.5	4.9	0	
12	67.5	3.1	26.6%	
13	74.6	2.3		
14	80.5	2.0		
15	85.4	1.7		
16+	89.2	1.3		

\*689 of the original 2286 had complete data for all risk factors. Logistic regression analyses performed. Principal investigators: Mateos; Kumar; San Miguel; Durie. ASCO abstract #8000; also EHA abstract.

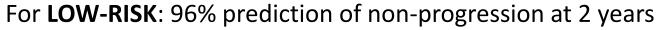


### **Risk of Progression at 2 years**



Risk Stratification Groups	Hazard Ratio (95% Cl) Versus Low-risk group (censored 2 year)
0-4	Reference
5-8	7.56 (3.77 to 15.2)
9-12	<b>17.3</b> (8.63 to 34.8)
>12	<b>31.9</b> (15.4 to 66.3)

Total Risk score	2 year progression n (%)		
0-4	9 / 241 <b>(3.7%)</b>		
5-8	67 / 264 <b>(25.4%)</b>		
9-12	65 / 133 <mark>(48.9%)</mark>		
>12	37 / 51 <b>(72.6%)</b>		



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INTERNATIONAL **MYELOMA** 

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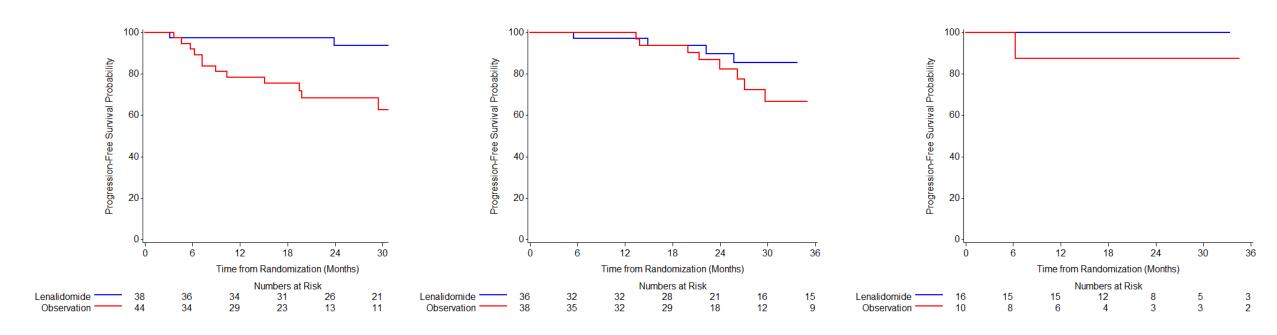
# E3A06: RANDOMIZED PHASE III TRIAL OF LENALIDOMIDE VERSUS OBSERVATION ALONE IN PATIENTS WITH ASYMPTOMATIC HIGH-RISK SMOLDERING MULTIPLE MYELOMA

Sagar Lonial, M.D., Susanna Jacobus, M.Sc., Rafael Fonseca, M.D., Matthias Weiss, M.D., Shaji Kumar, M.D., Robert Z. Orlowski, M.D., Ph.D., Jonathan L. Kaufman, M.D., Abdulraheem M. Yacoub, M.D., Francis K. Buadi, M.D., Timothy O'Brien, M.D., Jeffrey V. Matous, M.D., Daniel M. Anderson, M.D., Robert V. Emmons, M.D., Anuj Mahindra, M.D., Lynne I. Wagner Ph.D., Madhav V. Dhodapkar, M.B.B.S., S. Vincent Rajkumar, M.D.

Acknowledgement: This study was coordinated by the ECOG-ACRIN Cancer Research Group (Peter J. O'Dwyer, MD and Mitchell D. Schnall, MD, PhD, Group Co-Chairs) and supported by the National Cancer Institute of the National Institutes of Health under the following award numbers: CA180820, CA180794, CA180790, CA180853, CA180858, CA180864, CA189805, CA189863, CA189870, CA180888, CA180826, (IF QOL: CA189828). The content is solely the responsibility of the authors and does not necessarily represent the official views of the National Institutes of Health, nor does mention of Co-authors, study sponsor, etc.



### Phase III PFS by Mayo 2018 Risk Criteria

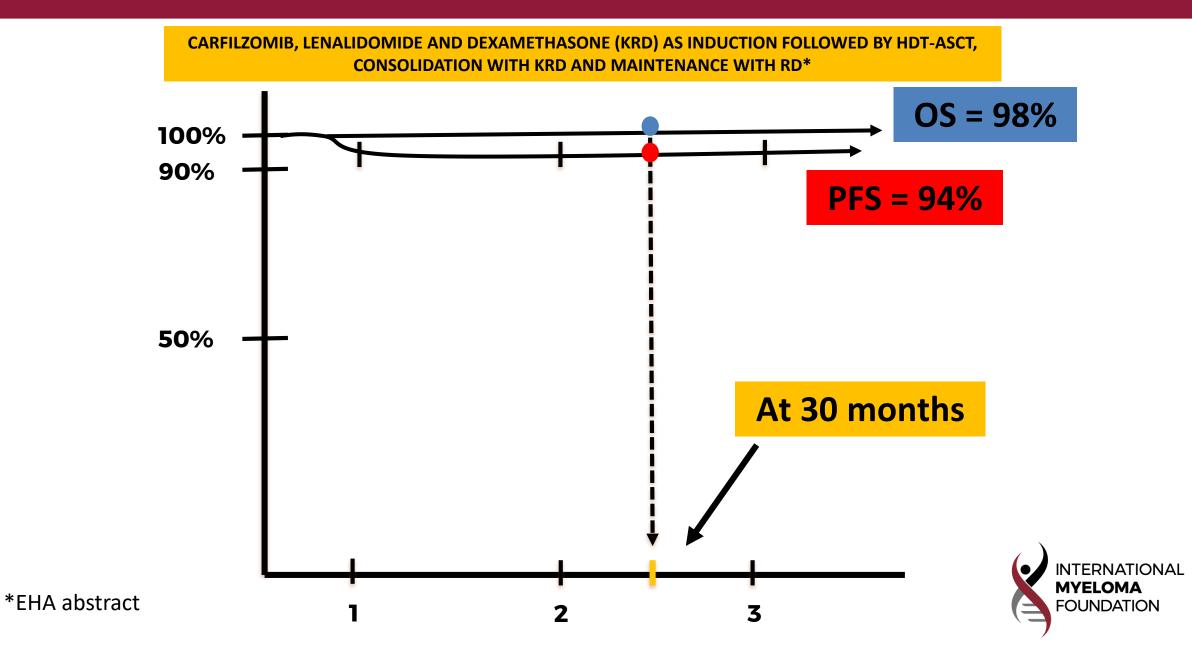


High Risk

Intermediate Risk

Low Risk

#### CURATIVE STRATEGY (GEM-CESAR) FOR HIGH-RISK SMOLDERING MYELOMA



# Smoldering Myeloma (SMM)

- Risk classification
- Treatment strategies



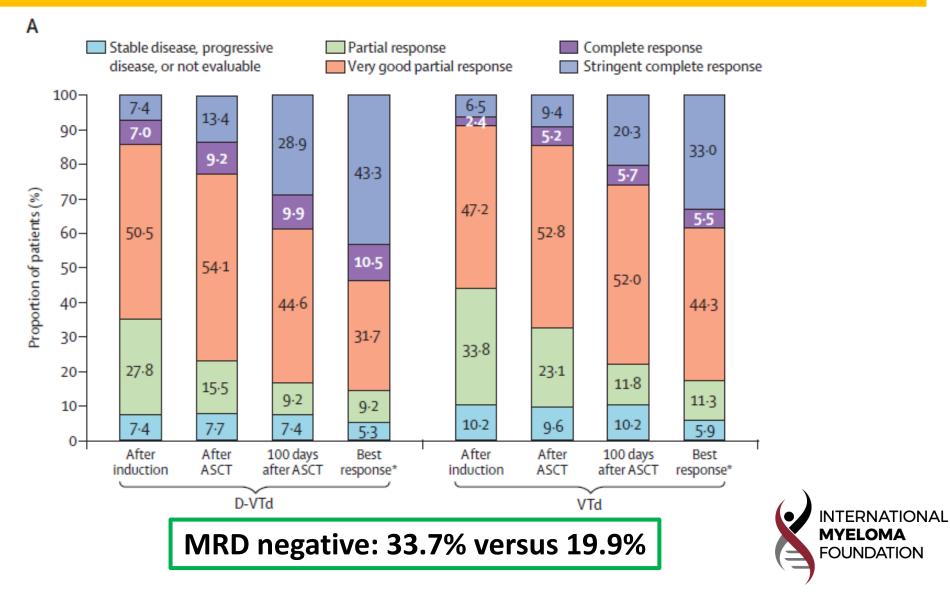
# **Frontline Therapy**

- CASSIOPEIA: Dara VTd versus VTd
- MAIA: Dara len/dex versus len/dex
- SQ Dara
- Forte: KRd ± ASCT
- t(11;14) impact



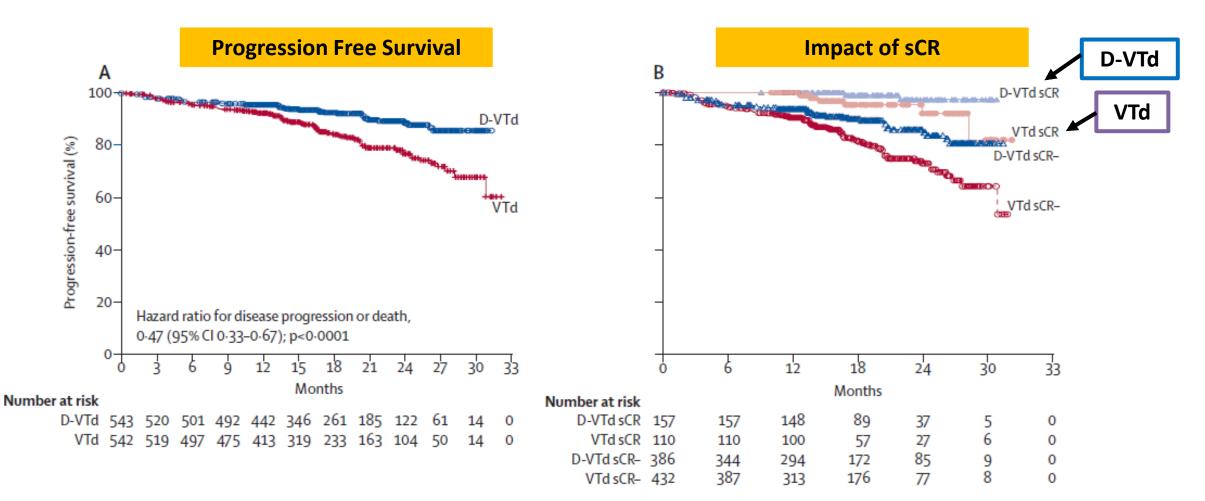
### PHASE 3 RANDOMIZED STUDY OF Dara VTd VERSUS VTd

#### **TRANSPLANT ELIGIBLE NEWLY DIAGNOSED MULTIPLE MYELOMA: PART 1 CASSIOPEIA RESULTS\***



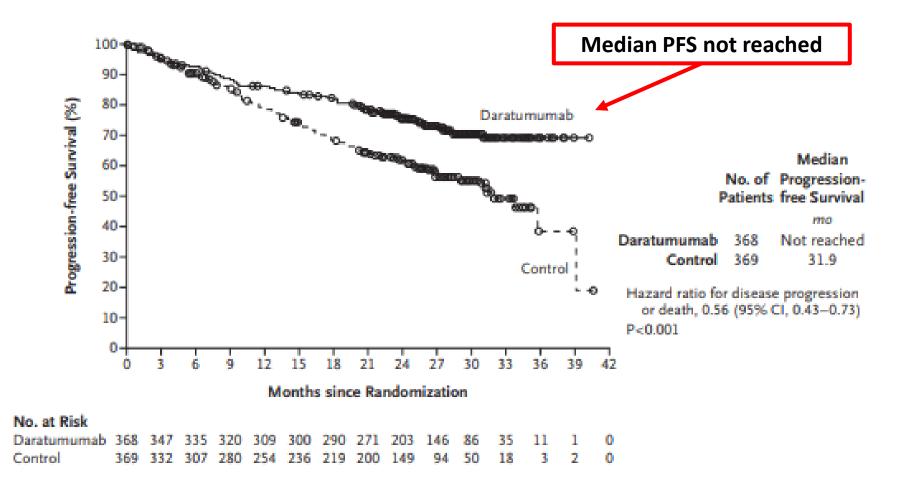
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### PHASE 3 RANDOMIZED STUDY OF Dara VTd VERSUS VTd





### Daratumumab plus Lenalidomide and Dexamethasone for Untreated Myeloma\* (MAIA)

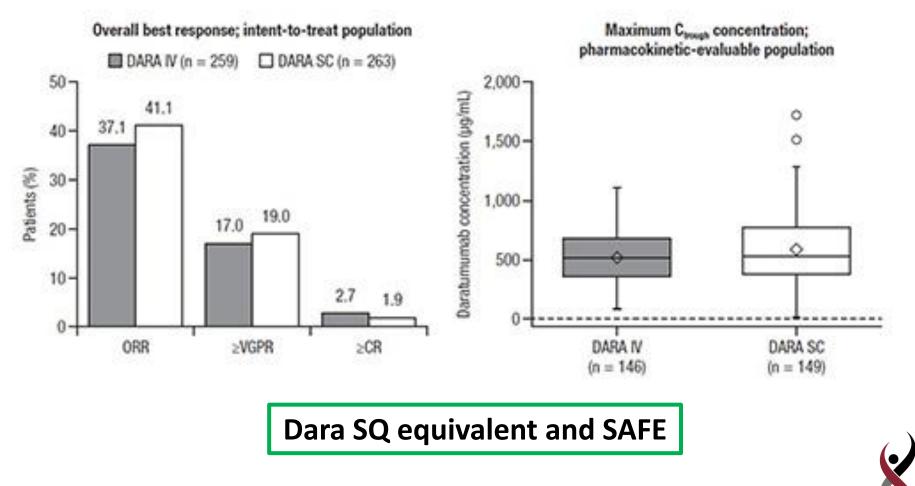


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\*NEJM May 2019: 380; 22 pp 2104-2115

#### PHASE 3 STUDY OF SUBCUTANEOUS (SC) VERSUS INTRAVENOUS (IV) DARATUMUMAB ADMINISTRATION

#### PATIENTS WITH RELAPSED OR REFRACTORY MULTIPLE MYELOMA: COLUMBA



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**MYELOMA** 

\*ASCO abstract #8005; EHA abstract also

#### CARFILZOMIB LENALIDOMIDE DEXAMETHASONE (KRD) WITH OR WITHOUT TRANSPLANTATION

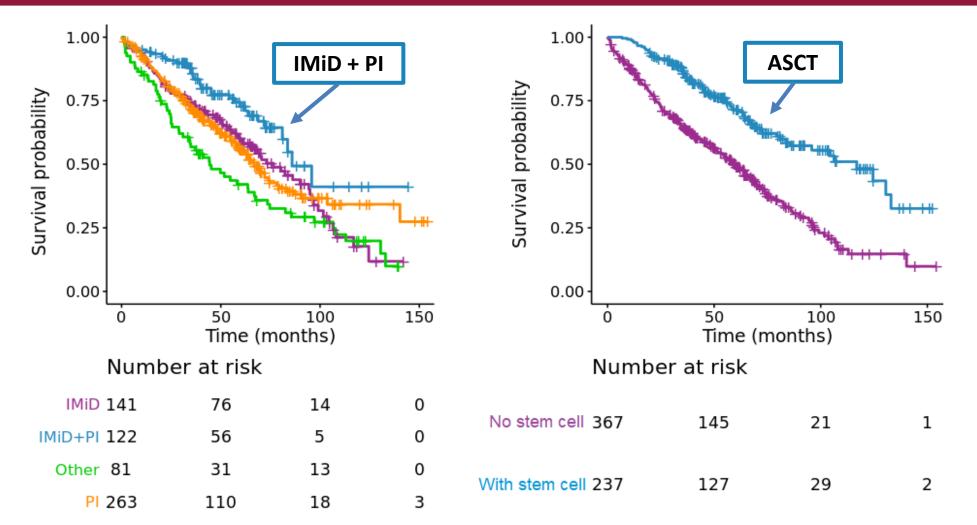
#### **NEWLY DIAGNOSED MYELOMA (FORTE TRIAL): EFFICACY ACCORDING TO RISK STATUS**

Table 1A: Overall population		Table 1B: Subgroup analysis				
	KRd_ASCT_KRd	KRd12	R-ISS 1		R-ISS 2/3	
	N=158	N=157	KRd_ASCT_KRd	KRd12	KRd_ASCT_KRd	KRd12
			N=48	N=39	N=92	N=94
sCR	44%	43%	46%	49%	39%	38%
≥CR	60%	61%	60%	64%	56%	57%
≥VGPR	89%	87%	92%	79%	86%	86%
MRD negative	58%	54%	69%	62%	51%	47%

\*ASCO abstract #8002; EHA abstract also KRd + ASCT and KRd 12 cycles are equivalent!



#### Outcomes of patients with t(11;14) multiple myeloma: An International Myeloma Working Group\*



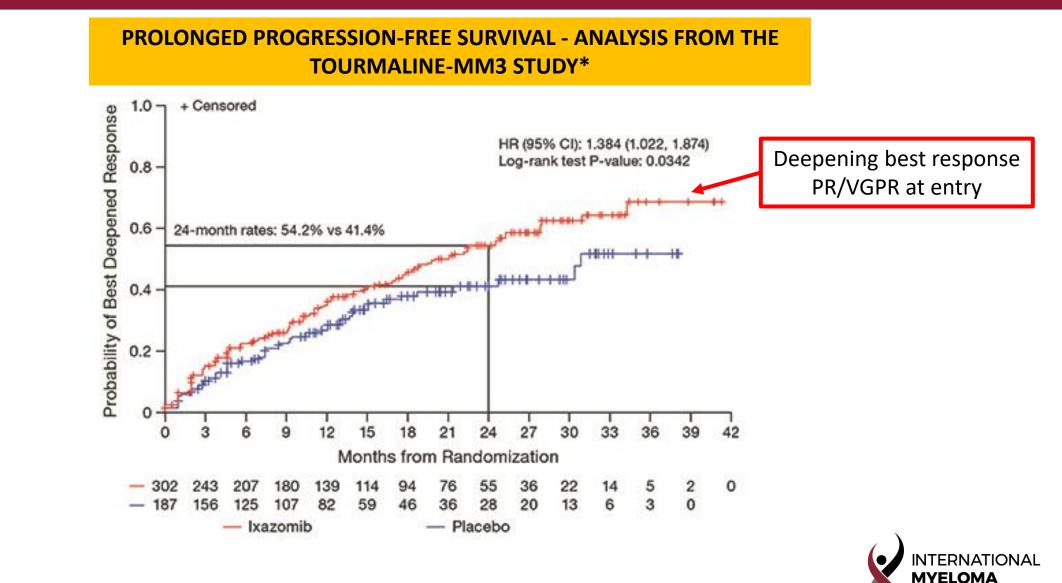


\*ASCO: abstract #8015; also EHA abstract

# **Frontline Therapy**

- CASSIOPEIA: dara VTd versus VTd
- MAIA: dara len/dex versus len/dex
- SQ dara
- Forte: KRd ± ASCT
- t(11;14) impact

#### DEEPENING RESPONSES SEEN WITH IXAZOMIB MAINTENANCE POST-AUTOLOGOUS STEM CELL TRANSPLANTATION (ASCT)



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\*EHA abstract: PS1382

# Maintenance

# • Ixazomib



### **Relapse Therapies**

- Isatuximab Pd versus Pd
- Dara Kd
- K in frail patients
- Elo Pd
- Selinexor/dara



A phase III randomized, open label, multicenter study comparing isatuximab, pomalidomide, and low-dose dexamethasone versus pomalidomide and low-dose dexamethasone

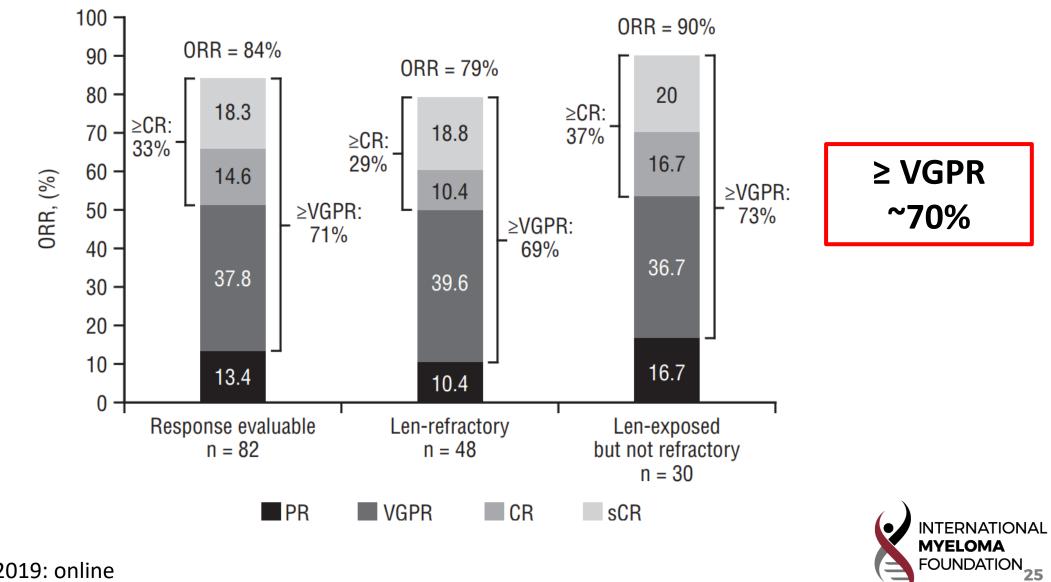
#### Patients with relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma (RRMM)

	Isa Pd	Pd alone
PFS	11.5 months	6.5 months
ORR	60.4%	35.3%
VGPR	31.8%	8.5%
MRD negative (10 <sup>-5</sup> )	5.2%	0%



\*ASCO: abstract #8004; also EHA abstract

#### Daratumumab Plus Carfilzomib and Dexamethasone in Patients With Relapsed or Refractory Multiple Myeloma\*



\*Blood May 21, 2019: online

#### SAFETY AND EFFICACY OF ONCE-WEEKLY CARFILZOMIB DOSING IN FRAIL PATIENTS

#### **SUBGROUP ANALYSIS FROM THE PHASE 3 A.R.R.O.W. STUDY**

Table: Rates of Selected Treatment-emergent Adverse Events (TEAEs) of Grade 3 and Above across Frailty Subgroups in Carfilzomib Arms of the A.R.R.O.W. Study

	Fit		Intermediate		Frail	
Grade ≥3 TEAEs of interest,* n (%)	Once-weekly Kd70, n=60	Twice-weekdy Kd27, n=66	Once-weekly Kd70, n=88	Twice-weekly Kd27, n=101	Once-weekly Kd70, n=79	Twice-weekly Kd27, n=60
Peripheral neuropathy	0	1 (2)	0	0	0	0
Acute renal failure	0	3 (5)	6 (7)	6 (6)	3 (4)	4 (7)
Cardiac failure	1 (2)	1 (2)	3 (3)	3 (3)	3 (4)	5 (8)
Ischemic heart disease	1 (2)	0	0	1 (1)	0	1 (2)
Pulmonary hypertension	0	0	0	0	0	1 (2)

\*Standardized MedDRA Queries - Narrow

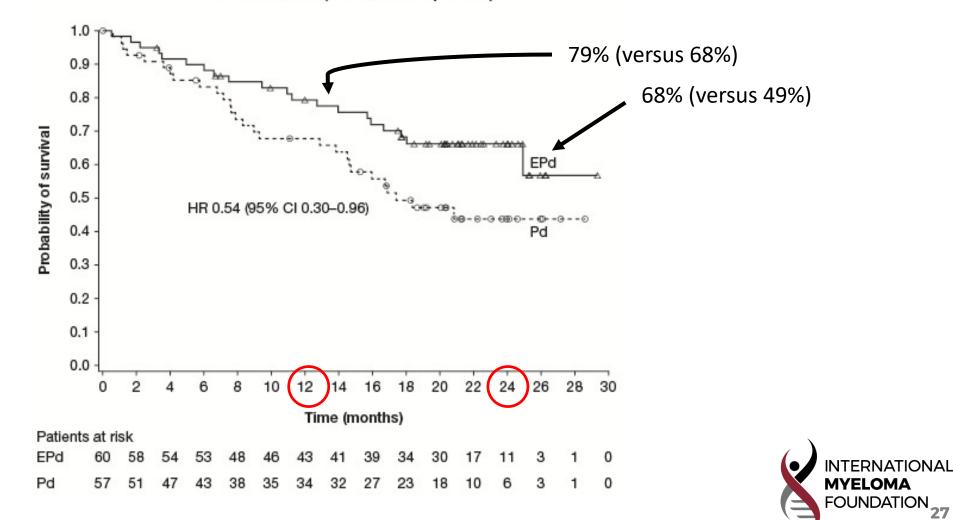
- Once weekly tolerated in frail patients
- Also true in Endeavor and Aspire subgroup analysis (IFM)



\*ASCO: abstract #8027; also EHA abstract

#### ELOTUZUMAB PLUS POMALIDOMIDE AND DEXAMETHASONE FOR RELAPSED/REFRACTORY MULTIPLE MYELOMA

#### **EFFICACY RESULTS AFTER ADDITIONAL FOLLOW-UP OF THE PHASE 2, RANDOMIZED ELOQUENT-3 STUDY**



Overall survival (all randomized patients)

### **Relapse Therapies**

# How do you select and sequence?

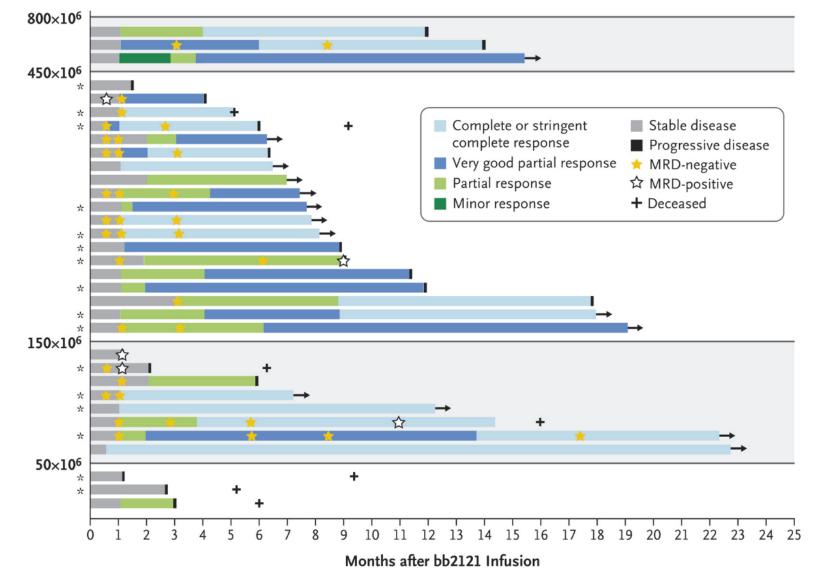


### **New Agents**

- CAR T
- AMG 420 BITE
- CELMOD (CC220)



### Anti-BCMA CAR T-Cell Therapy bb2121 in Relapsed or Refractory Multiple Myeloma\*



INTERNATIONAL

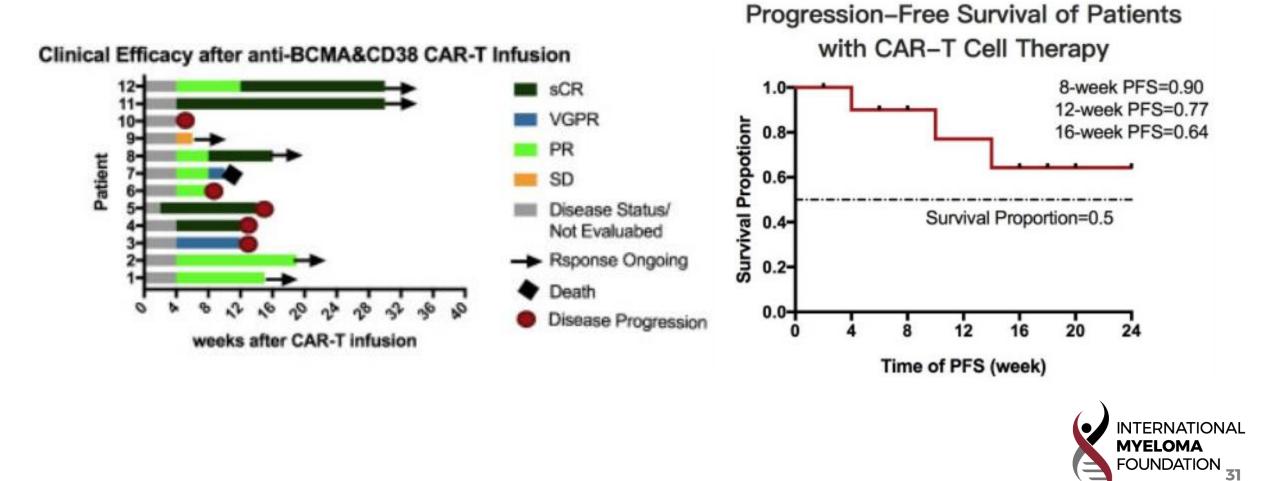
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**MYELOMA** 

\*NEJM May 2, 2019: pp 1726-1737

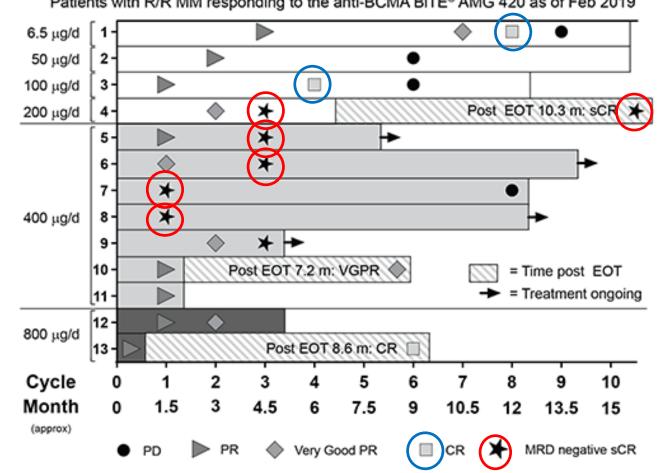
#### **IMPROVED EFFICACY AND SAFETY OF A DUAL-TARGET CAR-T CELL THERAPY**

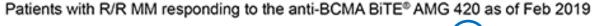
#### TARGETING BCMA AND CD38 FOR RELAPSED/REFRACTORY MULTIPLE MYELOMA FROM A PHASE I STUDY



### **EVALUATION OF AMG 420, AN ANTI-BCMA BISPECIFIC T-CELL ENGAGER** (BITE<sup>®</sup>) IMMUNOTHERAPY

#### **R/R MULTIPLE MYELOMA (MM) PATIENTS: UPDATED RESULTS OF A FIRST-IN-HUMAN (FIH)** PHASE 1 DOSE ESCALATION STUDY







### FIRST CLINICAL (PHASE 1B/2A) STUDY OF IBERDOMIDE (CC-220; IBER)

#### A CELMOD, IN COMBINATION WITH DEXAMETHASONE IN PATIENTS WITH RELAPSED/REFRACTORY MULTIPLE MYELOMA

#### Table 1. Responses in evaluable patients

Efficacy	IBER dose 0.3–1.2 mg + DEX (N=51)			
Very good partial response	1			
Partial response (PR)	15			
Minimal response (MR)	10			
Stable disease (SD)	19			
Progressive disease	6			
Overall response (≥PR, %)	16 (31)			
Clinical benefit (≥MR, %)	26 (51)			
Disease control (≥SD, %)	45 (88)			

DEX, dexamethasone; IBER, iberdomide



SAFETY AND EFFICACY OF COMBINATION OF SELINEXOR, DARATUMUMAB, AND DEXAMETHASONE (SDD) IN PATIENTS WITH MULTIPLE MYELOMA (MM) PREVIOUSLY EXPOSED TO PROTEASOME INHIBITORS AND IMMUNOMODULATORY DRUGS

- Selinexor 100 mg weekly combined with standard dara well-tolerated
- ORR = 77% without prior Selinexor or dara

### Also: ASCO #2014 STORM trial update



### **New Therapies**

- What is your perspective on new therapies?
  - > Which are top priority?
  - > Which are promising?
  - Can any be offered in frontline or early disease?



### **Other Interesting Abstracts**

### Examples

- ASCO #8020: BCMA as a biomarker
- ASCO #8023: Prognosis of 1q+ patients
- ASCO #8031: Importance of circulating plasma cells
- ASCO #8036: DNA mutations in blood
- ASCO #8053: Update on GSK 2857916



### **Final Thoughts**

# What are key next trials or studies?



# **THANK YOU!**

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